SENSECAP

THE NEW GENERATION LORAWAN SENSORS OF SENSECAP

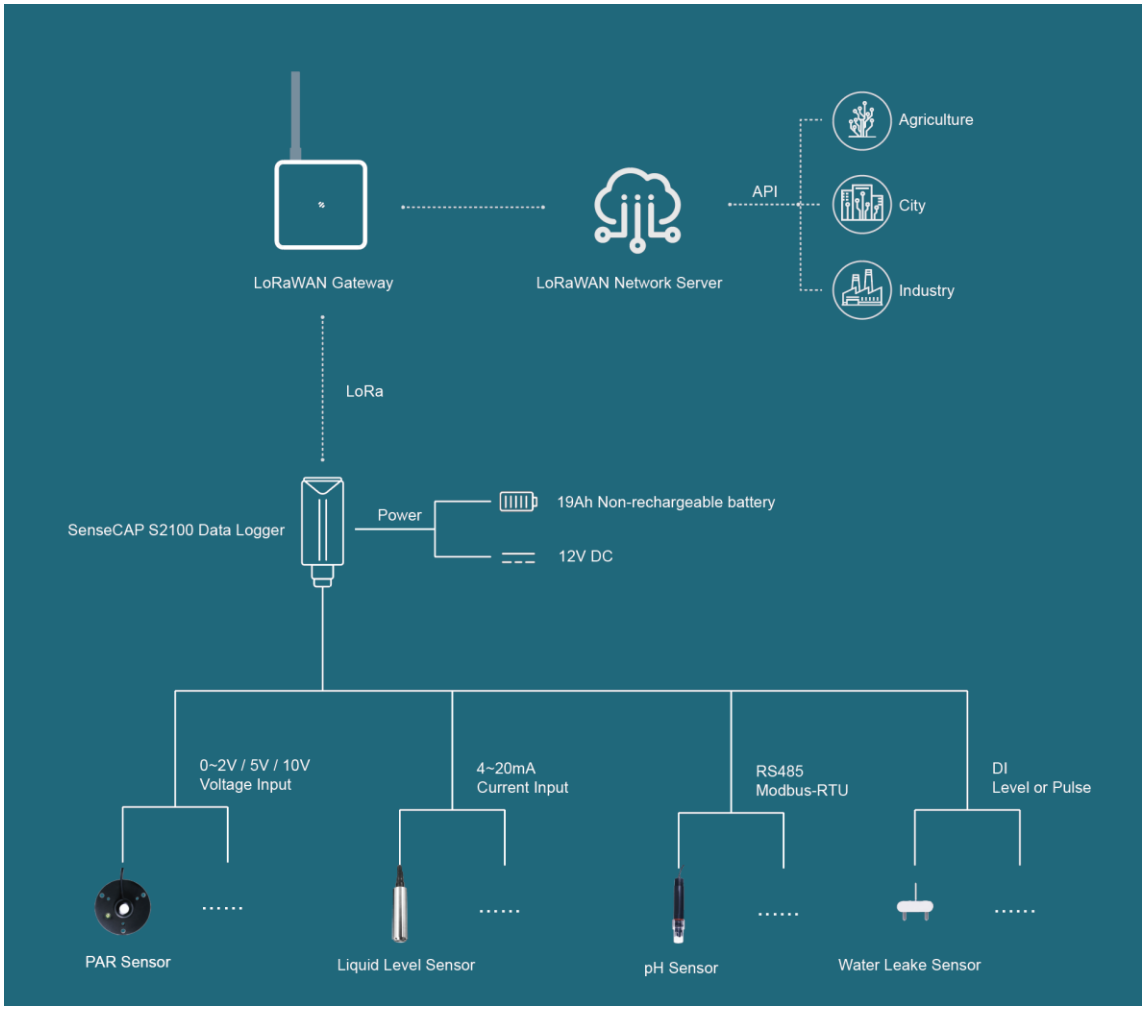
S2100 LoRaWAN Data Logger User Guide

Version: v1.0.0

Table of Contents

1. Product Introduction

S2100 LoRaWAN Data Logger can collect data from different types of sensors and transfer the data through LoRaWAN network. If you have deployed sensors that are not based on the LoRaWAN network, then with our LoRaWAN data logger, you can change them into LoRaWAN-based sensors and use the LoRaWAN network to transfer data. You can easily enjoy the advantages of LoRaWAN technology such as low power consumption and long transmission range, without affording the cost of changing the sensors you are using.

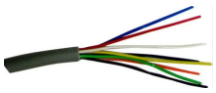


2. Part List

Before installing, please check the part list to ensure nothing is missing.

Picture	Name	Quantity
	Data Logger	1
	Bracket	1
	Quick Start Guide	1
	KA4*20mm Self-drilling Screw	4

A junction box accessory kit is available as an additional option:

Picture	Name	Quantity
	Junction box	1
	8 pin wire (40cm)	1

3. Quick Start

Refer to the following steps for quick configuration with SenseCAP server.

Step	Description	Section
1	Hook up the sensor probe	Section 4
2	Download SenseCAP Mate App	Section 6.1
3	Configure the LoRaWAN parameters	Section 6.3
4	Configure the sensor protocol	Section 6.4 for level / pulse sensor Section 6.5 for analog sensor Section 6.6 for RS485 sensor
5	Join LoRaWAN network server	Section 7.2 or 7.3
6	Check the data from SenseCAP Dashboard or App	Section 7.2.6
7	Deploying sensors	Section 12

3.1 Sensor Configuration Example

1) Configure a 0-2V voltage pH sensor: TBD
2) Configure a 4~20mA current sensor: TBD
3) Configure a level sensor: TBD
4) Configure a pulse sensor: TBD

4. Hook up the Sensor Probe

4.1 Preparation

4.1.1 Sensor Probe

Get one of these sensors ready:

Type	Sensor wire pin
RS485 Modbus-RTU	1 x A, 1 x B, 1 x GND, 1 x VCC
4~20 mA	1 or 2 x signal pin
0~10V	1 or 2 x signal pin
Level	1 x signal pin
Pulse Count	1 x signal pin

⚠***Note:***

Each Data logger ***can only be connected to one type of sensor****. For example*

1. a RS485 sensor with one address

2. a 4~20mA sensor with 1or 2 measurements

3. a 0~10V (Less than 10v) sensor with 1or 2 measurements

4. a pulse or level sensor with 1 measurement

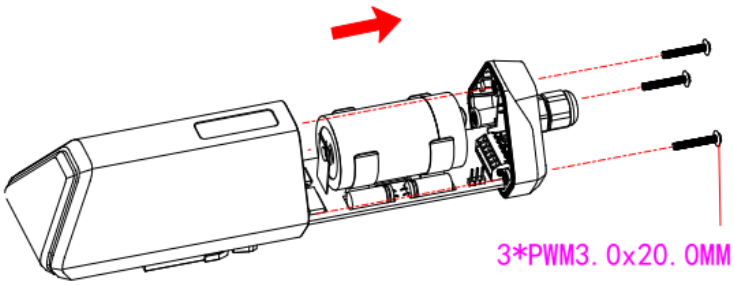
4.1.2 Tools

Type	Description
Cross screwdriver	Cross recess No.2

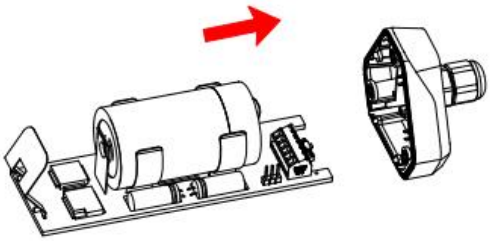
4.2 Connect the Sensor Probe

4.2.1 Disassemble the Data Logger

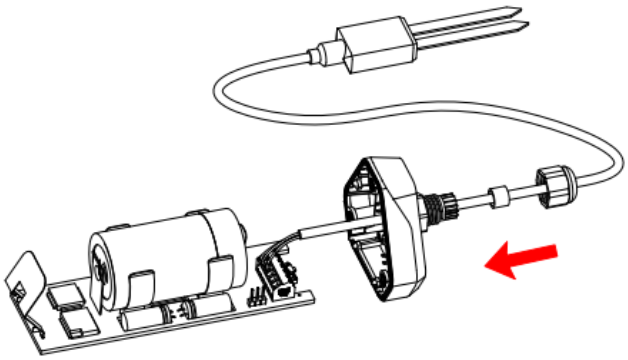
1. Unscrew three screws.

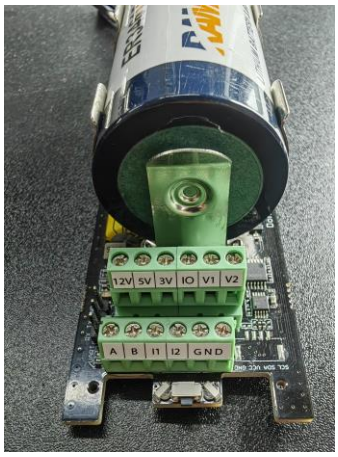


2. Take down the cover.



3. Remove the thread cap and pass it through the cable of the sensor, pass it through the bottom cover, and connect it to the wiring terminal.



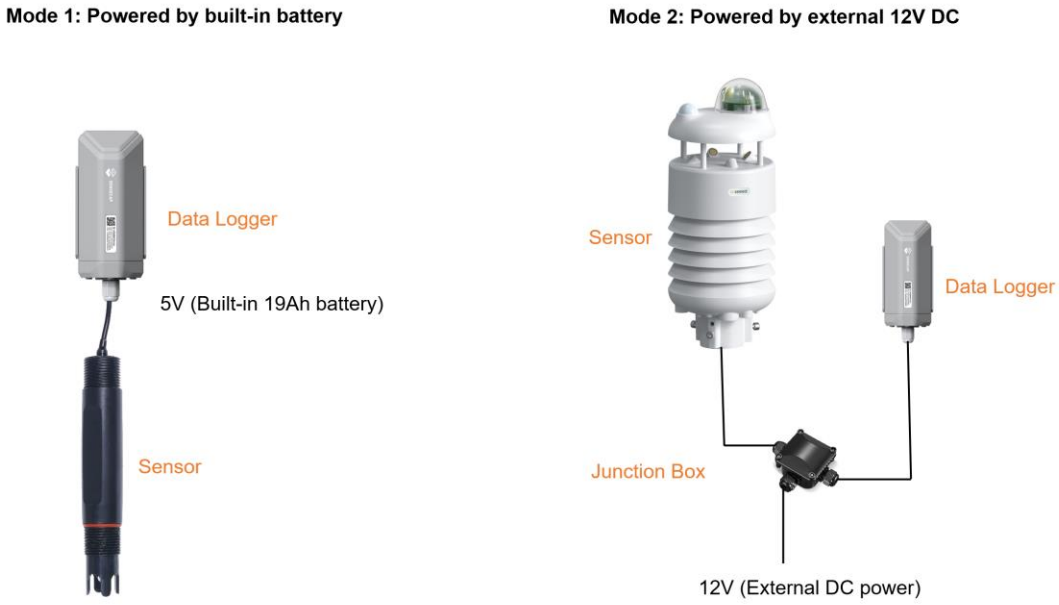


No.	Pin	Description
1	12V	External 12V input voltage. The Data Logger can be powered by an external 12V DC power supply. When using 12V power supply, the battery will serve as backup power supply.
2	5V	5V output voltage, providing 5V voltage to the sensor.
3	3V	3V output voltage, providing 3V voltage to the sensor.
4	IO	Acquisition level or pulse input
5	V1	The voltage input of 0 to 10V is collected
6	V2	The voltage input of 0 to 10V is collected
7	A	RS485 A/+
8	B	RS485 B/-
9	I1	Collect the current input from 4 to 20mA
10	I2	Collect the current input from 4 to 20mA
11	GND	Ground pin
12	GND	Ground pin

4.2.2 Power supply options of sensor

Data Logger supports two power supply modes:

Mode	Description
Built-in Battery	The Data Logger and sensors are powered by batteries. In this case, the datalogger can be connected to a 5V or 3V sensors.
External 12V DC	Supply power to Data Logger and sensor through external 12V power supply. When the external 12V is disconnected, the system switches to battery power. When using external 12V power supply, use it together with the junction box to ensure the waterproof performance of the device.



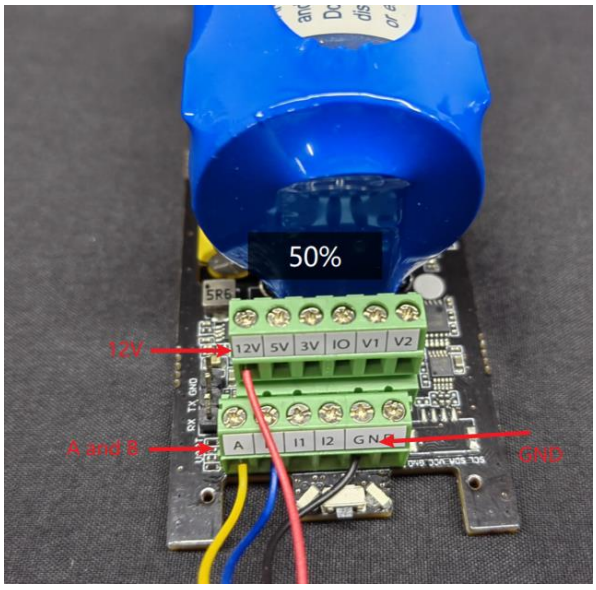
4.2.3 How to install external 12V DC

When your sensor needs 12V power, the battery will not be able to drive the sensor. Therefore, an external 12V power supply is required.

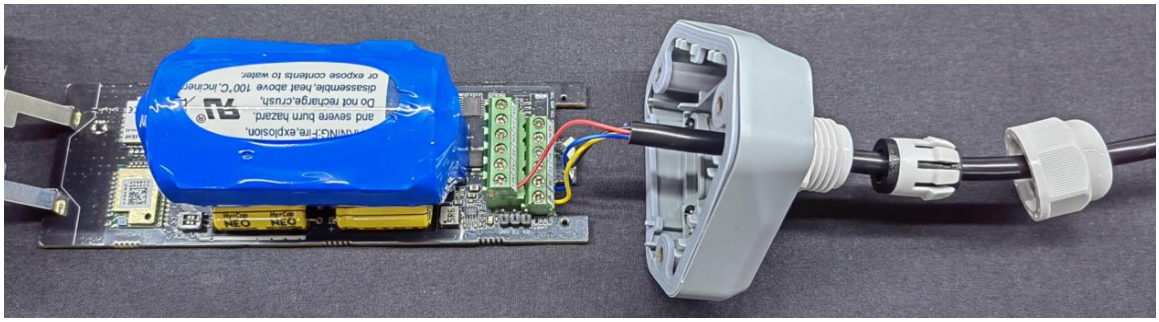
The SenseCAP ONE Weather Station is used as an example.

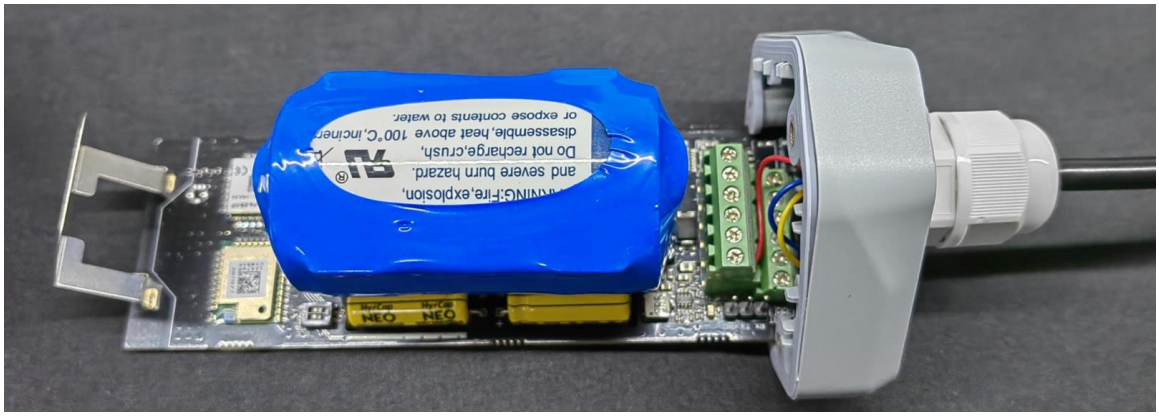
1) Prepare the following items: 12V DC adapter, Junction box, and 4-pin wire.

2) Wire to the terminal of the Data Logger.

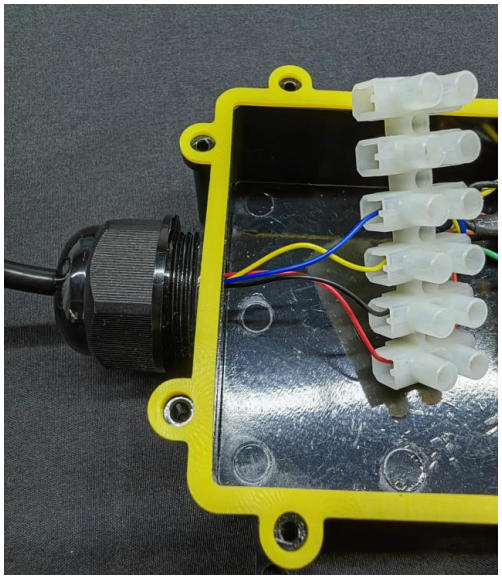


Connect the cover, rubber ring and screw cap in turn.

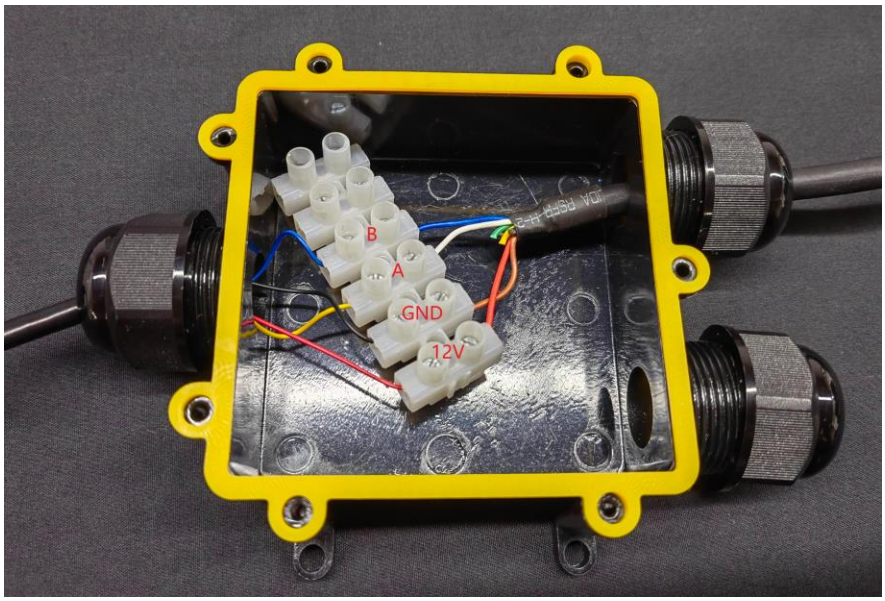




3) Wire to the terminal of the junction box.

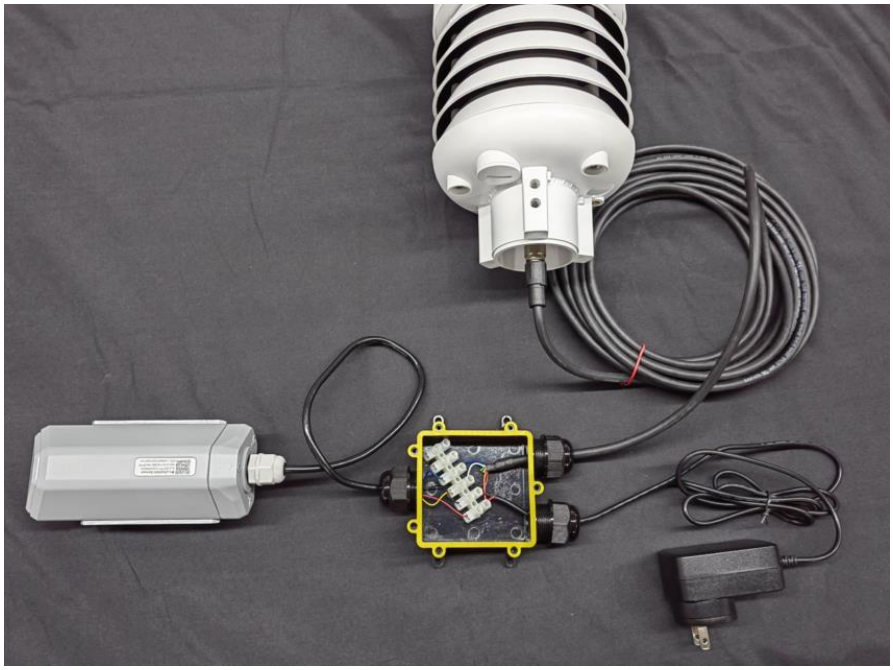


4) Connect the sensor wire to the junction box.



5) Connect the 12V DC adapter to the power supply.

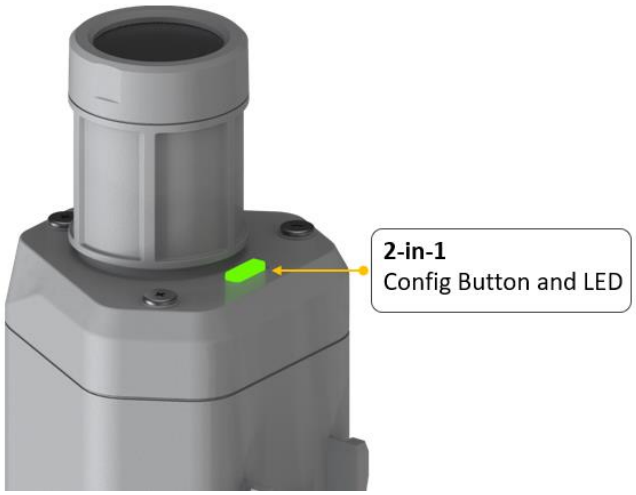
6) To complete the assembly.



7) **Tighten the screws and screw caps to check the waterproofing**. If the wire diameter is too thin, add waterproof tape for winding.


KEMA KEUR
CE
M686 IP68 Max depth 3m
MIN 2X0.5 24A 450VAC
MAX 3X2.5
with to .05Nm in IP test

5. LED of Sensor Working Status



You can refer to the LED indicator for the Sensor Node for its working status. Please see the status explanations in the chart below:

Actions	Description	Green LED Status
First power up, press and hold for 3s	Power on and activate the Bluetooth	Green LED flashes at 1s frequency, waiting for Bluetooth connection. If Bluetooth not connected within 1 minute, the device would shut down again.
Press once	Reboot device and join LoRa network	1. The green LED will be on for 5 seconds for initialization. 2. Waiting for join LoRa network: red breathing light flashing 3. Join LoRa network success: green LED flashes fast for 2s 4. LoRa network join failure: red LED suddenly stop.

Press and hold for 3s	Activate Bluetooth again	1. Waiting for Bluetooth connection: green LED flashes at 1s frequency 2. Enter configuration mode after Bluetooth connection is successful: green LED flashes at 2s frequency If Bluetooth is not connected within 1 minute, the device will reboot and join LoRa network.
Press and hold for 9s	Power off	In the 3rd seconds will start flashing at 1s frequency, until the light is steady on, release the button, the light will go out.

⚠***Note:***

1.After power off, you need to ***reconfigure the frequency band.*** *Power off is recommended when not deployed.*

2. If the frequency is not configured after power on, the device will be power off again.

6. SenseCAP Mate App

6.1 Download App

As a tool, SenseCAP Mate App is used to config LoRa parameters, set interval, bind devices to your account and check device basic information.

(1) For iOS, please search for “SenseCAP Mate” in the App Store and download it.

Download SenseCAP Mate App

(2) For Android, please search for “SenseCAP Mate” in the Google Store and download it.

You can also download App from https://www.pgyer.com/sensecapmate

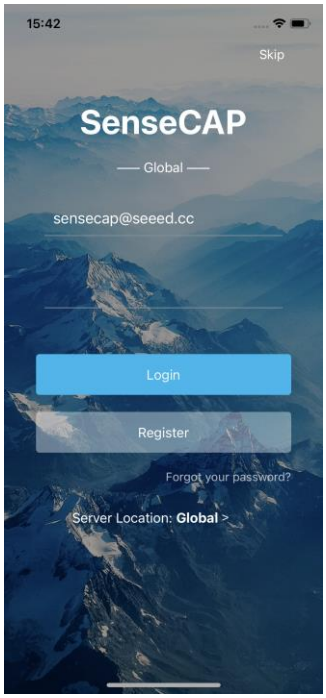
6.2 How to connect sensor to App

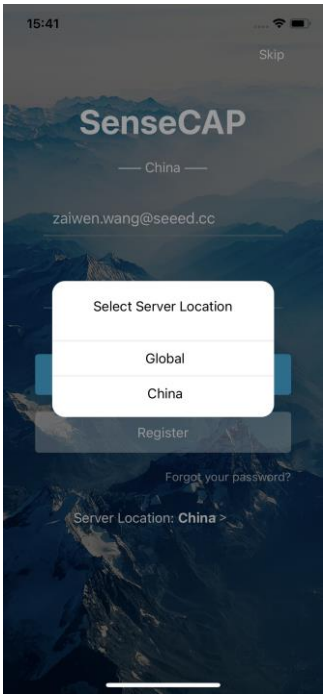
6.2.1 Create a New Account

SenseCAP Mate supports device configuration and remote management. To use the SenseCAP Portal platform and other functions, please register an account.

SenseCAP Mate supports offline functionality, and you can opt out of an account if you only use the configuration sensor. Just click Skip.

Please select **Global** of Server Location.





You can also create an account via the SenseCAP Portal: http://sensecap.seeed.cc

1) Select register account, enter email information and click "register", the registered email will be sent to the user's mailbox.

2) Open the "SenseCAP…"Email, click the jump link, fill in the relevant information, and complete the registration.

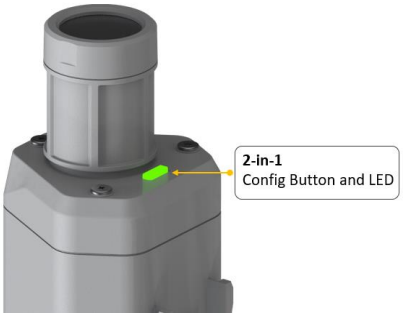
3) Return to the login interface and complete the login.

Note:

If you can't find the email, it may be automatically identified as "spam" and put in the "trash can".

6.2.2 Connect to Sensor to App

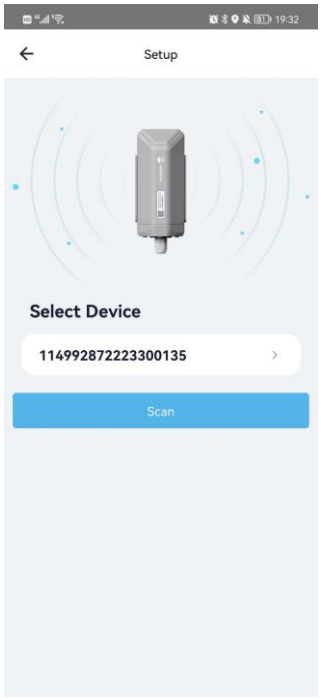
1) Press button and hold for **3 seconds**, the LED will flash at 1s frequency. Please use the App to connect the sensor within 1 minute; otherwise, the device will power off or reboot.



2) Please select “S2100 Data Logger”.

   Please click the “Setup” button to turn on Bluetooth and click “Scan” to start scanning the sensor's Bluetooth.

3) Select the Sensor by S/N (S/N is on the front label of the sensor). Then, the basic information of the sensor will be displayed after entering.

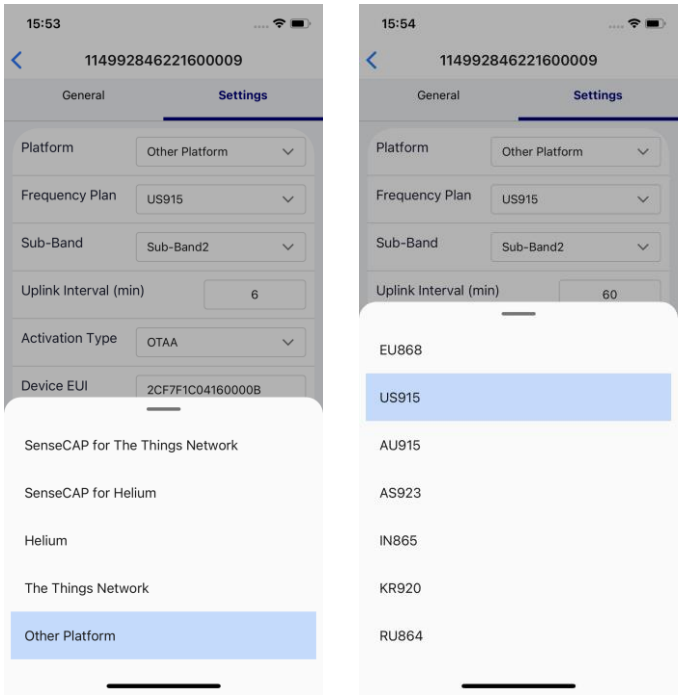


4) Enter configuration mode after Bluetooth connection is successful: LED flashes at 2s frequency.

6.3 Configure basic parameters through App

6.3.1 Select the Platform and Frequency

S210x Sensors are manufactured to support universal frequency plan from 863MHz ~928MHz in one SKU. That is to say, every single device can support 7 frequency plans.



Platform	Description
SenseCAP for The Things Network	**Default platform.** It must be used with SenseCAP Outdoor Gateway (https://www.seeedstudio.com/LoRaWAN-Gateway-EU868-p-4305.html). SenseCAP builds a proprietary TTN server that enables sensors to be used out of the box when paired with an SenseCAP outdoor gateway.
SenseCAP for Helium	When there is the Helium network around the user, data can be uploaded using sensors. Devices run on a private Helium console of SenseCAP. Users do not need to create devices on Helium console, right out of the box.
Helium	Connect Sensor to public Helium console.
The Things Network	Connect Sensor to your TTN(TTS) server.
Other Platform	Other LoRaWAN Network Server.

1) SenseCAP for Helium:

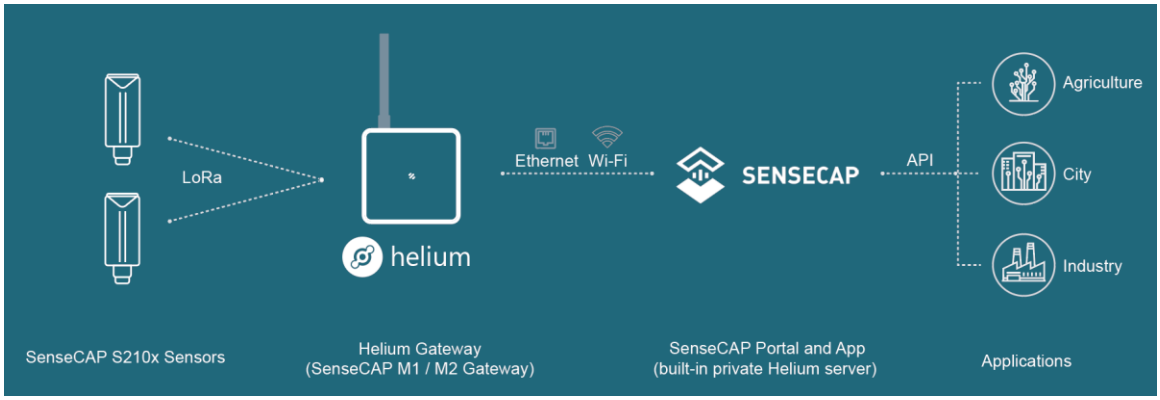
We provide the SenseCAP Portal to manage devices and data: **sensecap.seeed.cc**

We built a private Helium Console with an embedded SenseCAP Portal. When users get the SenseCAP sensors, you can use it by scanning the code and binding it to the Portal.

"SenseCAP for Helium" is selected by default. The device runs in a fixed main frequency and sub-band, refer to Helium Frequency Plan (https://docs.helium.com/lorawan-on-helium/frequency-plans/). You only need to select the main frequency, such as EU868 and US915.

SenseCAP for Helium supports the following frequency plan:

EU868 / US915 / AU915 / KR920 / IN865 / AS923-1 / AS923-2 / AS923-3 / AS923-4



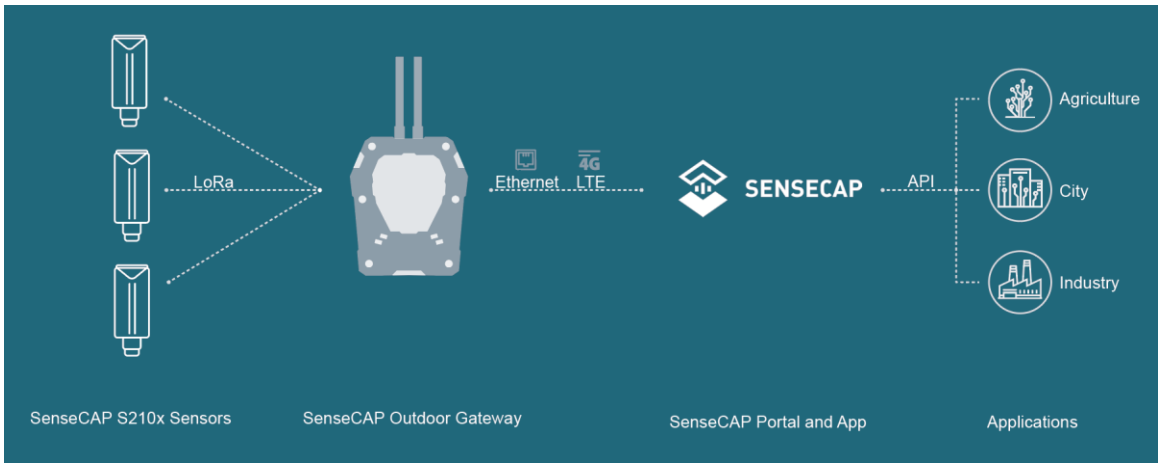
2) SenseCAP for The Things Network

SenseCAP Portal also builds the TTN private server, and the sensor must be used together with the SenseCAP Outdoor Gateway (*https://www.seeedstudio.com/LoRaWAN-Gateway-EU868-p-4305.html*).

Due to the limitation of the SenseCAP outdoor gateway frequency, "SenseCAP for TTN" supports the following frequency plan(The sensor is capable of supporting all frequency plan):

Gateway Frequency	Description
EU868	It must be used with SenseCAP EU868 Gateway (https://www.seeedstudio.com/LoRaWAN-Gateway-EU868-p-4305.html)
US915	It must be used with SenseCAP US915 Gateway (https://www.seeedstudio.com/LoRaWAN-Gateway-US915-p-4306.html)
AU915	Need to contact sales to purchase.

AS923-1	Need to contact sales to purchase.
AS923-2	Need to contact sales to purchase.



3) Helium

Users can choose sensors to use on the public helium console:

https://console.helium.com/

4) The Things Network

Users can choose sensors to use on the public The Things Network server:

https://console.cloud.thethings.network/

5) Other Platform:

When you use other LoRaWAN network server, please select Other Platform.

At this point, you need to determine the sensor frequency band according to the gateway frequency and sub-band.

S210x Sensors support the following frequency plan:

Sensor Frequency	Common Name	Sub-band
EU863-870	EU868	--------
US902-928	US915	Sub band from 1 to 8 (default sub-band 2)
AU915-928	AU915	Sub band from 1 to 8 (default sub-band 2)
KR920-923	KR920	--------
IN865-867	IN865	--------
AS923	AS923-1	Frequency plan for Helium
	AS923-2	
	AS923-3	
	AS923-4	
RU864-867	RU864	--------

⚠ ***Note1:***

Different countries and LoRaWAN network servers use different frequency plans.

For Helium network, please refer to:

https://docs.helium.com/lorawan-on-helium/frequency-plans

For The Things Network, please refer to:

https://www.thethingsnetwork.org/docs/lorawan/frequency-plans/

⚠ ***Note2:***

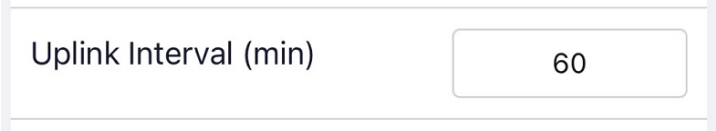
1) *When using the SenseCAP platform, the EUI, APP EUI and APP Key are fixed and are the same as the sensor label.*

2) *When the sensor is selected to be used with a public platform such as Helium or TTN, the EUI will not change, and the sensor will generate a new fixed App EUI and App Key for network access.*

6.3.2 Set the Interval

The working mode of device: wake up the device every interval and collect measurement values and upload them through LoRa. For example, the device collects and uploads data **every 60 minutes by default**.

Parameter	Type
Uplink Interval	Unit: minutes, number from 1 to 1440.



Note:

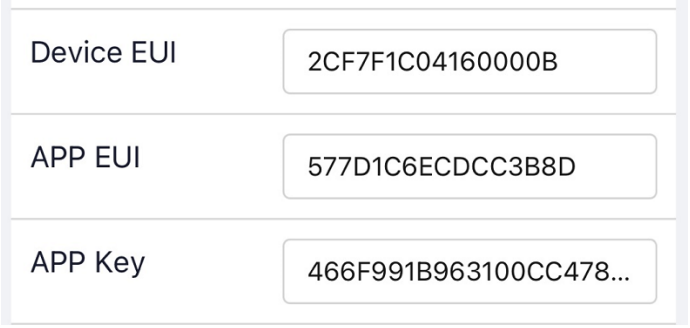
*The SenseCAP portal has a limit on uplink interval: minimum interval is **5 minutes**.*

The interval using the other platforms ranges from 1 to 1440 minutes.

6.3.3 Set the EUI and Key

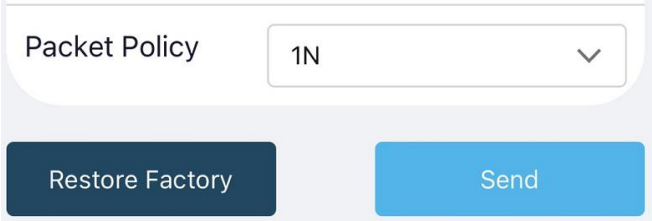
The device uses OTAA to join the LoRaWAN network by default. So, it can set the device EUI and App EUI.

Parameter	Type
Device EUI	16 bits, hexadecimal from 0 ~ F
App EUI	16 bits, hexadecimal from 0 ~ F
App Key	32 bits, hexadecimal from 0 ~ F



6.3.4 Set the Packet Policy

The sensor uplink packet strategy has three modes.



Parameter	Description
2C+1N (default)	2C+1N (2 confirm packets and 1 none-confirm) is the best strategy, the mode can minimize the packet loss rate, however the device will consume the most data packet in TTN, or date credits in Helium network.
1C	1C (1 confirm) the device will sleep after get 1 received confirm packet from server.
1N	1N (1 none-confirm) the device only send packet and then start to sleep, no matter the server received the data or not.

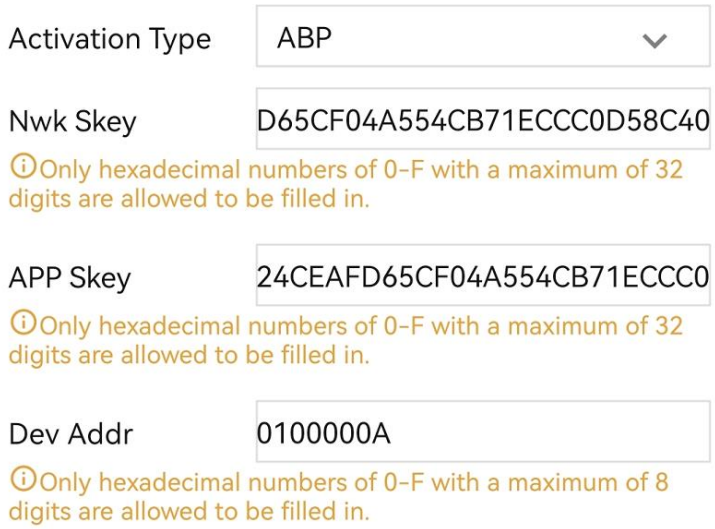
6.3.5 Set the Activation Type

The sensor supports two network access modes, OTAA by default.

Parameter	Description
OTAA (default)	Over The Air Activation, it joins the network through Device EUI, App EUI, and App Key.
ABP	Activation By Personalization, it joins the network through DevAddr, NwkSkey, and AppSkey.

When using ABP mode, you need to configure the following information:

Parameter	Description
DevAddr	32 bits, hexadecimal from 0 ~ F
NwkSkey	32 bits, hexadecimal from 0 ~ F
AppSkey	8 bits, hexadecimal from 0 ~ F



Note:

The factory defaults to a fixed key for ABP mode.

6.3.6 Restore Factory Setting

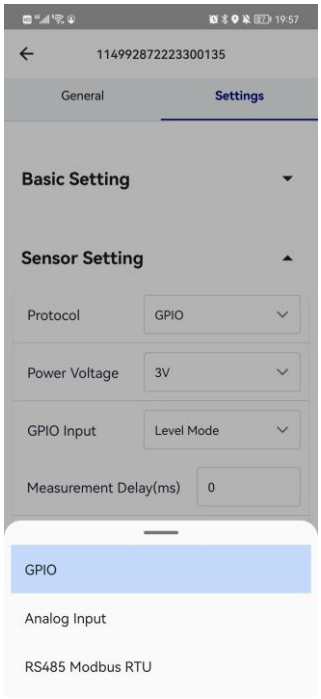
When selecting the SenseCAP platform, you must use the fixed EUI/App EUI/App Key. Therefore, you need to restore the factory Settings before switching back to the SenseCAP platform from other platforms.

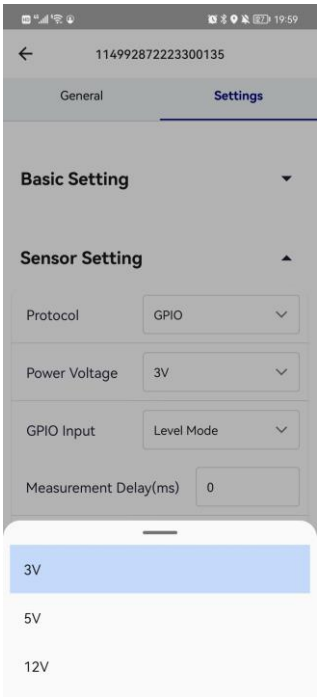
When we make a mistake or want to reset everything, we can click the button. The device will be restored to the factory's default configuration.

6.4 Configure Level or Pulse Sensor via App

1) Select the “GPIO” protocol.

2) Select the supply voltage to the sensor. It supports 3V/5V/12V. Please refer to section "Power Supply Options of Sensor".





3) Set the “Sensor Warm-up time”, the warm-up time denotes the amount of time it takes for the sensor to attain its highest accuracy or performance level once the voltage supply has been applied.

4) Select the input type:

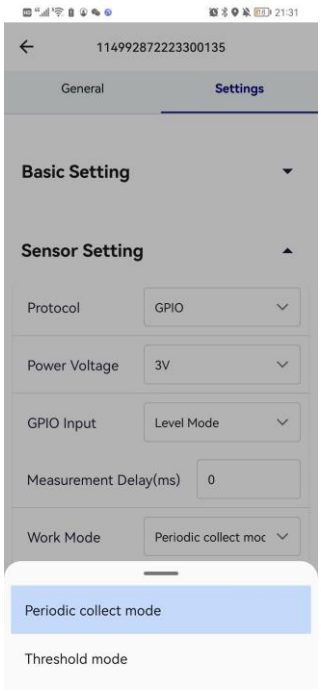
Level Mode	The input level signal is collected, the high level is 1, the low level is 0
Counter Mode	The pulse signal is collected, and the number of pulses is recorded

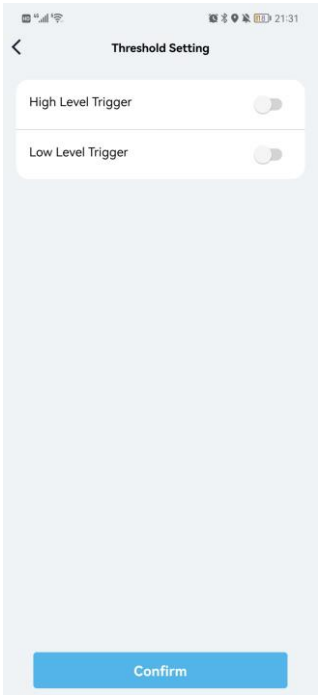
6.4.1 Set the level sensor

Select the “Work Mode”.

Periodic collect mode	Periodically collect data. For example, if the uplink interval is set to 60 minutes, the data logger wakes up from the sleep state every 60 minutes, collects data, and uploads data via LoRaWAN.

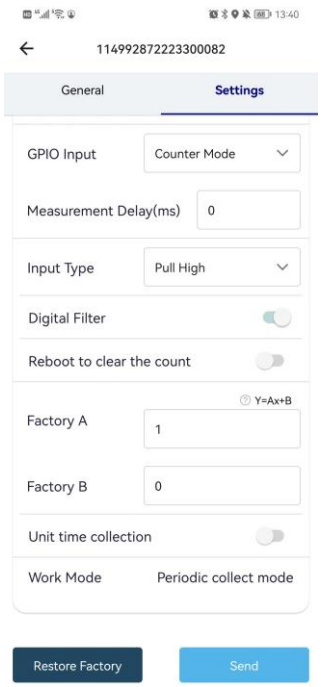
Threshold mode	Wake up the data logger when the input signal is high or low and upload the current level. If no, the data logger uploads data every uplink interval. For example, the upload interval is set to 60 minutes, and the threshold mode is set to collect high level. When the input signal changes from a low level to a high level, the Data Logger reports the high level. If the threshold is not triggered, the current status is uploaded every 60 minutes.





6.4.2 Set the pulse (counter) sensor

Select the “Counter Mode” as input type. Then set the following parameters in turn.

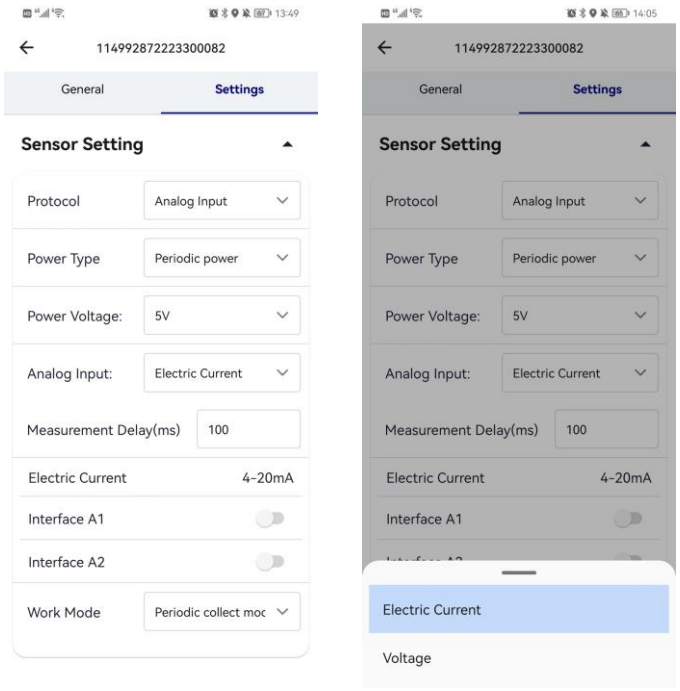


Sensor Warm-up Time	The warm-up time denotes the amount of time it takes for the sensor to attain its highest accuracy or performance level once the voltage supply has been applied.
Digital input	Sets the type of input pulse. Pull High: Valid when a rising edge is detected. Pull Low: Valid when a falling edge is detected.
Digital Filter	When the pulse width exceeds 250 μs, which advised to enable it. It is enabled by default.
Reboot to clear the count	When a Datalogger restart occurs, the count is cleared to 0. It is disabled by default.
Y= Ax + B	“Y”: It is the value Datalogger will upload. “x”: It is the original counter value. Factory A: Custom values that can be scaled up or down by multiples of the “x”. Factory B: A custom value that increments or diminishes the value of the “x”. By setting the values of A and B, you can calculate the desired value. If only raw counter values are uploaded, set A=1 and B=0.

Unit time collection	Enabling this function increases upload by a value: cumulative amount per hour. For example, if the value of Y within one hour is 1000, 1000/h will be uploaded.

6.5 Configure Analog Sensor via App

Select the “Protocol” as “Analog input”. Then set the following parameters in turn.



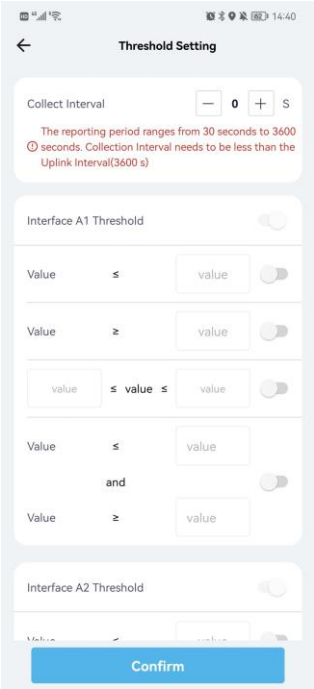
Power Type	Periodic power: Power the sensor before data collection, and power off the sensor after data collection. This mode reduces power consumption and increases battery life. Always-on: Select this mode when the sensor needs constant power supply. Generally, an external 12V DC power supply is used. If it is powered only by batteries, it may not work for long.
Power Voltage	Select the supply voltage to the sensor. It supports 3V/5V/12V. Please refer to section "Power Supply Options of Sensor".
Analog Input	Current: Select the current signal of the sensor from 4 to 20mA. Voltage: Select the voltage signal of 0~10V sensor.

6.5.1 Set the 4~20mA sensor

Sensor Warm-up Time	The warm-up time denotes the amount of time it takes for the sensor to attain its highest accuracy or performance level once the voltage supply has been applied.
Current Range	4~20mA

Interface I1	The Data Logger supports two analog current signals. When the sensor wire is connected to I1/I2, the configuration can be enabled.
Interface I2	
Y= Ax + B	"Y": It is the value Datalogger will upload. "x": It is the original current value. Factory A: Custom values that can be scaled up or down by multiples of the "x". Factory B: A custom value that increments or diminishes the value of the "x". By setting the values of A and B, you can calculate the desired value. If only raw values are uploaded, set A=1 and B=0.

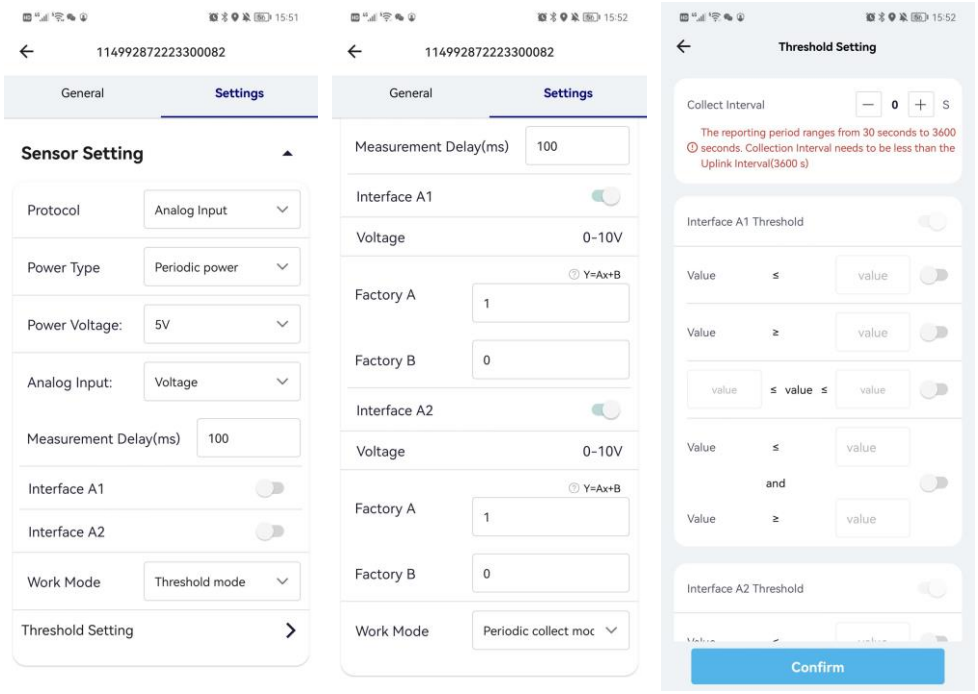
Select the "Work Mode".



Periodic collect mode	Periodically collect data. For example, if the uplink interval is set to 60 minutes, the data logger wakes up from the sleep state every 60 minutes, collects data, and uploads data via LoRaWAN.
Threshold mode	You can set a threshold rule for the measured value. When the rule is triggered, the device uploads data through LoRaWAN.
Collect Interval	Data Logger is divided into uplink interval and collection interval.

	The uplink interval is the interval of LoRaWAN data is uploaded each time. In periodic mode, the uplink interval is equal to the collection interval. Range: 30~3600 seconds
Interface I1 Threshold	The threshold mode greatly increases power consumption and is not recommended. Value = “Y”, it is the value calculated by Y= Ax+B. You can choose one of the four rules. For example, set the uplink interval = 60 min, collection interval =30s, interface I1 rule is value⩾20. Datalogger collects data on port I1 every 30 seconds. The collected data matches the rules. If the value is greater than 20, the data is uploaded immediately. If the threshold rule is not triggered within 60 minutes, data will be uploaded once every 60 minutes. When the threshold is triggered and data is uploaded, the Data Logger will not collect and upload data for 5 minutes. There is silence for 5 minutes.
Interface I2 Threshold	

6.5.1 Set the 0~10V Voltage sensor



Sensor Warm-up Time	The warm-up time denotes the amount of time it takes for the sensor to attain its highest accuracy or performance level once the voltage supply has been applied.
Current Range	0~10V (The Data Logger can collect voltage signals within 0~10V and automatically adjust the upper limit to increase accuracy)
Interface V1	The Data Logger supports two analog voltage signals. When the sensor wire is connected to V1/V2, the configuration can be enabled.
Interface V2	
Y= Ax + B	"Y": It is the value Datalogger will upload. "x": It is the original current value. Factory A: Custom values that can be scaled up or down by multiples of the "x". Factory B: A custom value that increments or diminishes the value of the "x". By setting the values of A and B, you can calculate the desired value. If only raw values are uploaded, set A=1 and B=0.

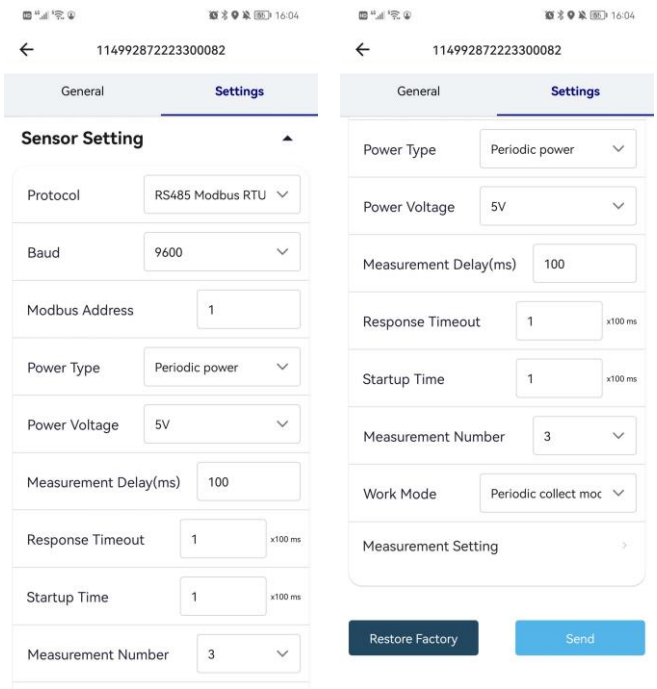
Work Mode:

Periodic collect mode	Periodically collect data. For example, if the uplink interval is set to 60 minutes, the data logger wakes up from the sleep state every 60 minutes, collects data, and uploads data via LoRaWAN.
Threshold mode	You can set a threshold rule for the measured value. When the rule is triggered, the device uploads data through LoRaWAN.
Collect Interval	Data Logger is divided into uplink interval and collection interval. The uplink interval is the interval of LoRaWAN data is uploaded each time. In periodic mode, the uplink interval is equal to the collection interval. Range: 30~3600 seconds

Interface V1 Threshold	Value = “Y”, it is the value calculated by Y= Ax + B. You can choose one of the four rules. For example, set the uplink interval = 60 min, collection interval =30s, interface I1 rule is value⩾20. Datalogger collects data on port I1 every 30 seconds. The collected data matches the rules. If the value is greater than 20, the data is uploaded immediately. If the threshold rule is not triggered within 60 minutes, data will be uploaded once every 60 minutes. When the threshold is triggered and data is uploaded, the Data Logger will not collect and upload data for 5 minutes. There is silence for 5 minutes.
Interface V2 Threshold	

6.6 Configure RS485 Modbus-RTU Sensor via App

Select the “Protocol” as “RS485 Modbus RTU”. Then set the following parameters in turn.



Baud Rate	Baud rate of communication with the sensor. Range: 4800/9600/14400/19200/38400/57600/115200
Modbus Address	Slave address of the sensor. The range is 1 to 247.
Power Type	Periodic power: Power the sensor before data collection, and power off the sensor after data collection. This mode reduces power consumption and increases battery life. Always-on: Select this mode when the sensor needs constant power supply. Generally, an external 12V DC power supply is used. If it is powered only by batteries, it may not work for long.
Power Voltage	Select the supply voltage to the sensor. It supports 3V/5V/12V. Please refer to section "Power Supply Options of Sensor".
Sensor Warm-up Time	The warm-up time denotes the amount of time it takes for the sensor to attain its highest accuracy or performance level once the voltage supply has been applied.
Response Timeout	After Data Logger initiates a data read request to the sensor, it waits for the timeout time for a response. If this time is exceeded, the command will be resent; unit: 100 milliseconds.

Startup Time	The length of time the sensor can communicate from powered -on to communicating with Modbus, unit: 100 milliseconds.
Measurement Number	Data Logger can collect 0 to 10 measurements in RS485 mode.
Work Mode	Periodic collect mode: Periodically collect and upload data. Threshold mode: Select a maximum of three measurements to set the threshold rule. After the rule is triggered, data is uploaded.
Measurement Setting	Set the register of the measurement value and other configurations.

Measurement Setting

Set each measurement in turn

Register Address	The register address of the measured value in the sensor, which is an integer.
Function Code	Modbus function code, supports 01/02/03/04 function code.
Data Type	The data type determines the number of registers read from the sensor and how the data should parse the value. There are some options: Unsigned 16bit integer,0xAB Signed 16bit integer, 0xAB Unsigned 32bit integer, 0xABCD Unsigned 32bit integer, 0xCDAB ……
Precision	Precision of the value. You can choose the decimal place of the measurement value. If 1 is selected, one decimal place is reserved. 0, # 1, #.# 3, #.## …
Y= Ax + B	“Y”: It is the value of Data Logger will upload.

	"x": It is the original current value. Factory A: Custom values that can be scaled up or down by multiples of the "x". Factory B: A custom value that increments or diminishes the value of the "x". By setting the values of A and B, you can calculate the desired value. If only raw values are uploaded, set A=1 and B=0.
Write Strategy	This function is enabled only for some special sensors and is generally disabled by default After reading the value of the register, special instructions can be issued to the sensor, such as the instruction to empty the register after reading register 0. None: Off by default. After Read: Send the RS485 command to sensor after reading the register. On New Data: Send the RS485 command to sensor every 24 hours.

Work Mode:

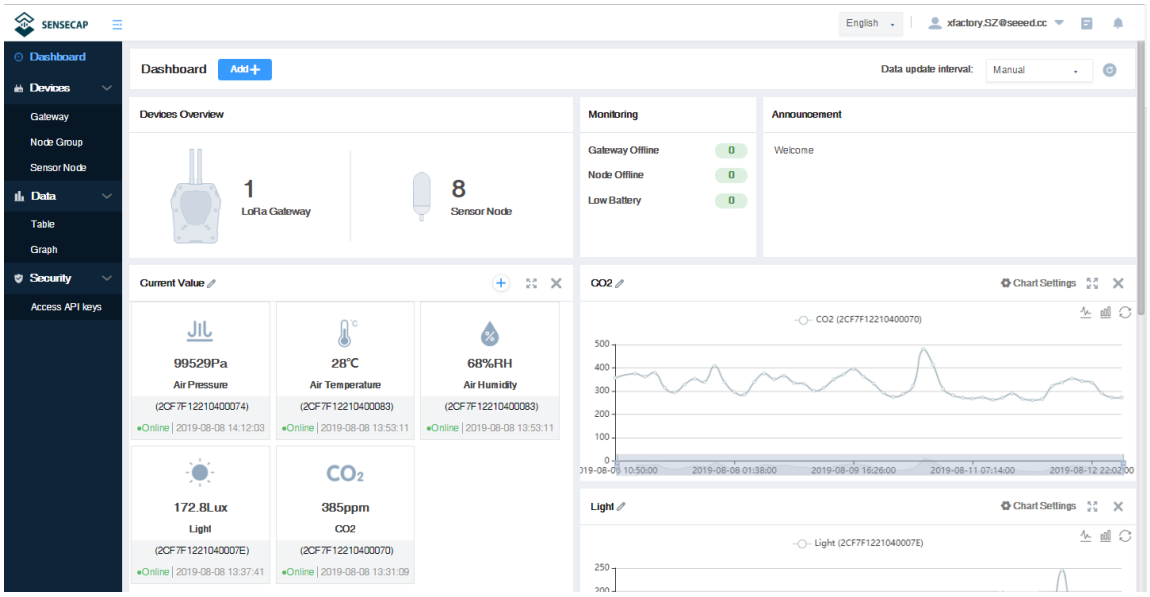
Periodic collect mode	Periodically collect data. For example, if the uplink interval is set to 60 minutes, the data logger wakes up from the sleep state every 60 minutes, collects data, and uploads data via LoRaWAN.
Threshold mode	You can set a threshold rule for the measured value. When the rule is triggered, the device uploads data through LoRaWAN.
Collect Interval	Data Logger is divided into uplink interval and collection interval. The uplink interval is the interval of LoRaWAN data is uploaded each time. In periodic mode, the uplink interval is equal to the collection interval. Range: 30~3600 seconds

Measurement Threshold 1	Measurement: Select a measurement value that has been configured. Measurement Value = “Y”, it is the value calculated by Y= Ax+B. You can choose one of the four rules. For example, set the uplink interval = 60 min, collection interval =30s, interface I1 rule is value⩾20. Datalogger collects data on port I1 every 30 seconds. The collected data matches the rules. If the value is greater than 20, the data is uploaded immediately. If the threshold rule is not triggered within 60 minutes, data will be uploaded once every 60 minutes. When the threshold is triggered and data is uploaded, the Data Logger will not collect and upload data for 5 minutes, there is silence for 5 minutes.
Measurement Threshold 2	
Measurement Threshold 3	

7. Connect to the SenseCAP Portal

7.1 SenseCAP Portal

The main function of the SenseCAP Portal is to manage SenseCAP devices and to store data. It is built on Azure, a secure and reliable cloud service from Microsoft. You can apply for an account and bind all devices to this account. SenseCAP provides the web portal and API. The web portal includes Dashboard, Device Management, Data Management, and Access Key Management, while API is open to users for further development.



7.1.1 Create a New Account

Portal Website: http://sensecap.seeed.cc

4) Select register account, enter email information and click "register", the registered email will be sent to the user's mailbox.

5) Open the "SenseCAP···"Email, click the jump link, fill in the relevant information, and complete the registration.

6) Return to the login interface and complete the login.

Note:

If you can't find the email, it may be automatically identified as "spam" and put in the "trash can".

7.1.2 Other Functions

- **Dashboard:** Including Device Overview, Announcement, Scene Data, and Data Chart, etc.
- **Device Management:** Manage SenseCAP devices.
- **Data Management:** Manage data, including Data Table and Graph section, providing methods to search for data.
- **Subaccount System:** Register subaccounts with different permissions.
- **Access Key Management:** Manage Access Key (to access API service), including Key Create, Key Update, and Key Check.

⚠ ***Note:***

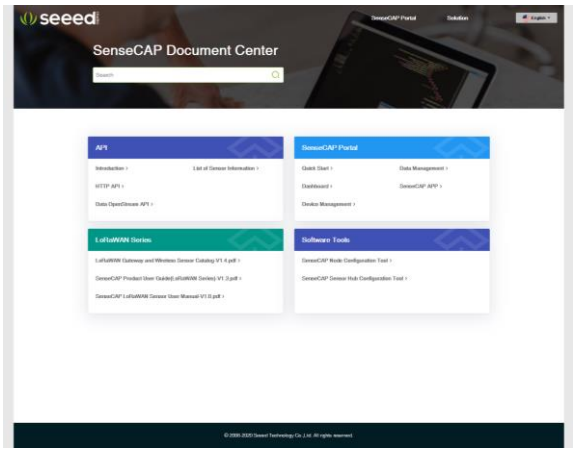
SenseCAP Portal User Guide: *https://sensecap-docs.seeed.cc/quickstart.html*

7.1.3 API Instruction

SenseCAP API is for users to manage IoT devices and data. It includes 3 types of API methods: HTTP protocol, MQTT protocol, and Websocket protocol.

- With HTTP API, users can manage LoRa devices, to get raw data or historical data.
- With MQTT API, users can subscribe to the sensor's real-time measurement data through the MQTT protocol.
- With Websocket API, users can get real-time measurement data of sensors through Websocket protocol.

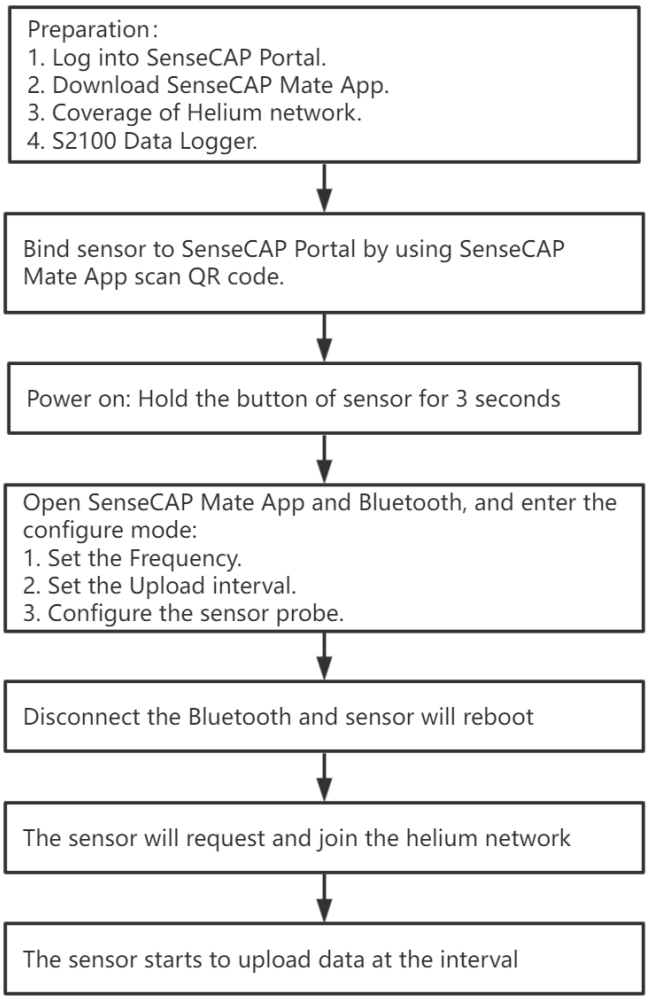
Please refer to this link for API User Guide: https://sensecap-docs.seeed.cc/



7.2 Connect to SenseCAP with Helium Network

7.2.1 Quick Start

Follow this process to quickly use the sensor, see the following section for details.



7.2.2 Preparation

1) SenseCAP Mate App

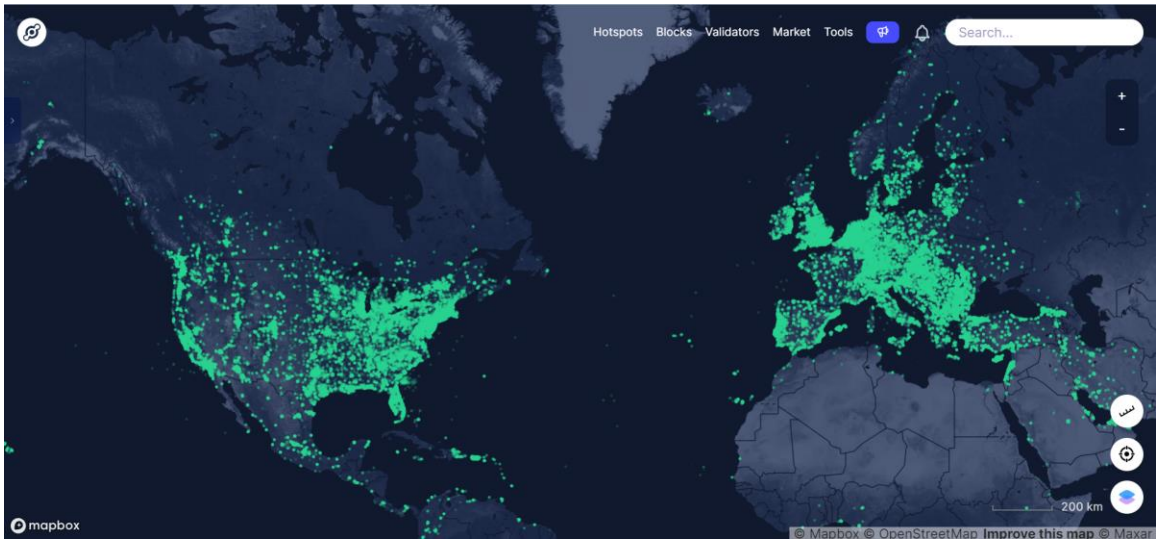
Download the App, please refer to section 5 for using.

2) Coverage of Helium network

Option 1: Use the Helium network that already exists nearby.

Please refer to the map, search your location to see if there's any helium network around: https://explorer.helium.com/

A green hexagon indicates the presence of the network.



Option 2: Deploy a new Helium gateway.

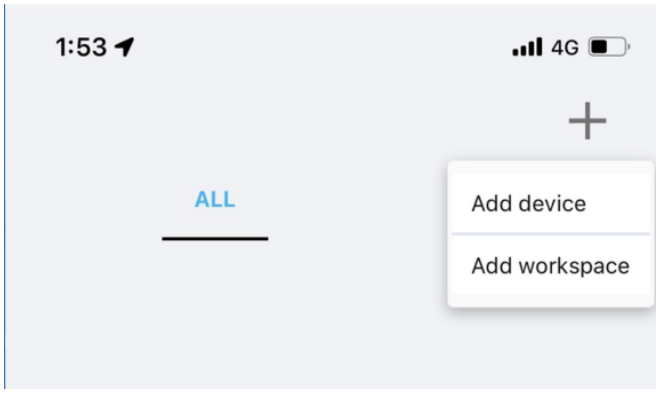
You can purchase M1, M2 gateways to cover your surroundings with the Helium network: https://www.sensecapmx.com/

7.2.3 Bind Sensor to SenseCAP Portal

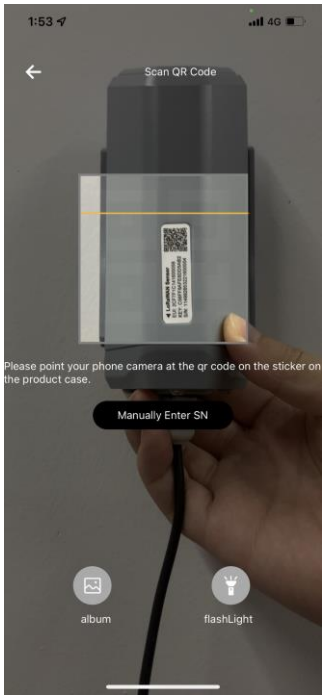
Please open SenseCAP Mate App.

(1) Scan QR Code

1) Click “Add device” on the upper-right corner of device page to enter the device binding page.

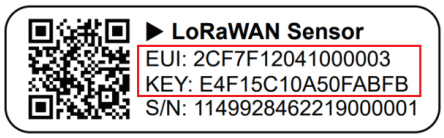


2) Scan the QR code on the device to bind the device to your account. If you do not set it to a designated group, the device will be put into the “default” group.



(2) Manually fill in the EUI

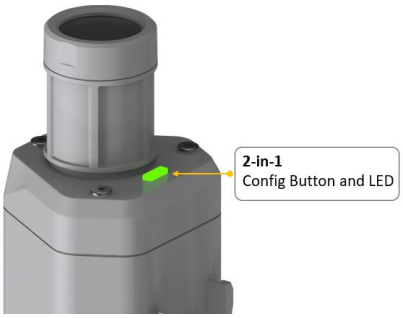
If the QR code sticker is damaged, you can manually fill in the EUI of the device to bind the device to your account. Please make sure you put in the EUI in the format suggested by the system and then click “confirm”.



7.2.4 Setup the Sensor

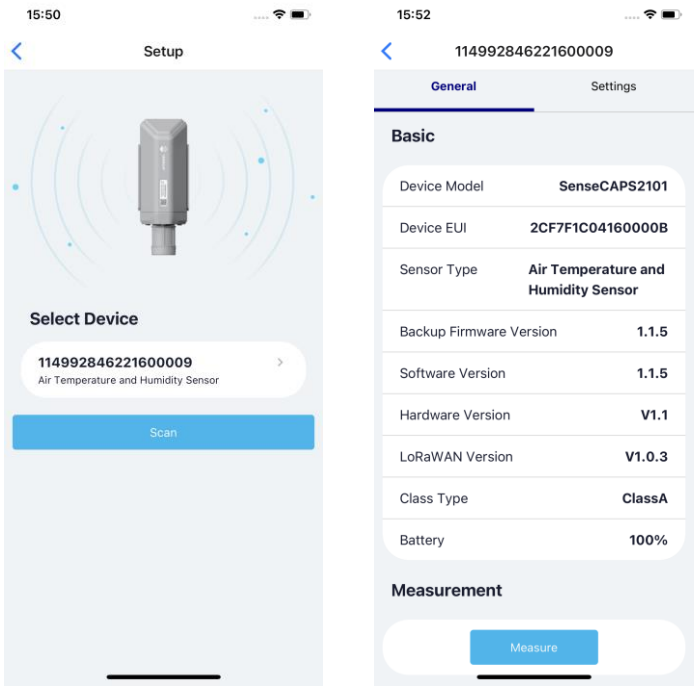
1) Open the SenseCAP Mate App

2) Press button and hold for **3 seconds**, the LED will flash at 1s frequency.



3) Please click the “Setup” button to turn on Bluetooth and click “Scan” to start scanning the sensor's Bluetooth.

4) Select the Sensor by S/N (label). Then, the basic information of the sensor will be displayed after entering.

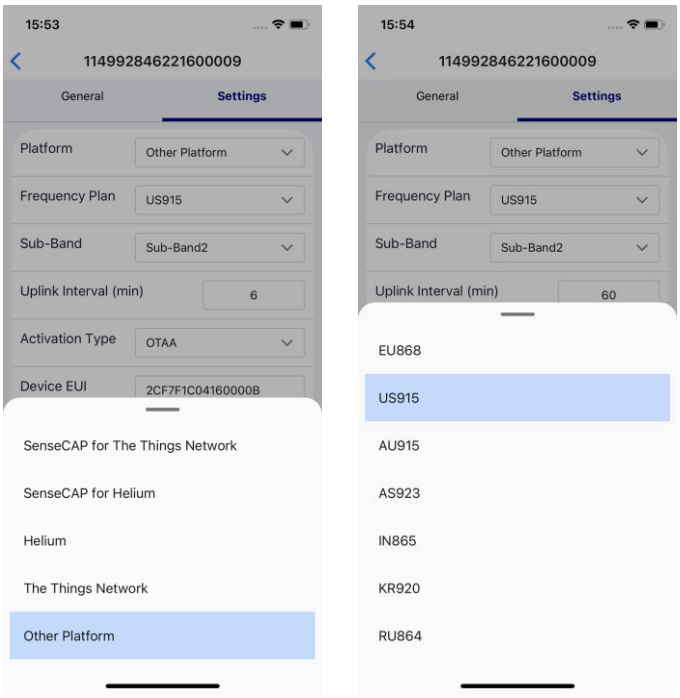


7.2.5 Set Frequency of Sensor via SenseCAP Mate App

Set the corresponding frequency band based on the frequency band of the gateway.

Please refer to section 5 for detail.

1) Click the “Setting” and select the platform is “**SenseCAP for Helium**”.



2) Select the Frequency Plan, if the gateway is US915, set the sensor to US915.

3) Click the “Send” button, send the setting to the sensor for it to take effect.

4) Click the “Home” button, the App will disconnect the Bluetooth connection.

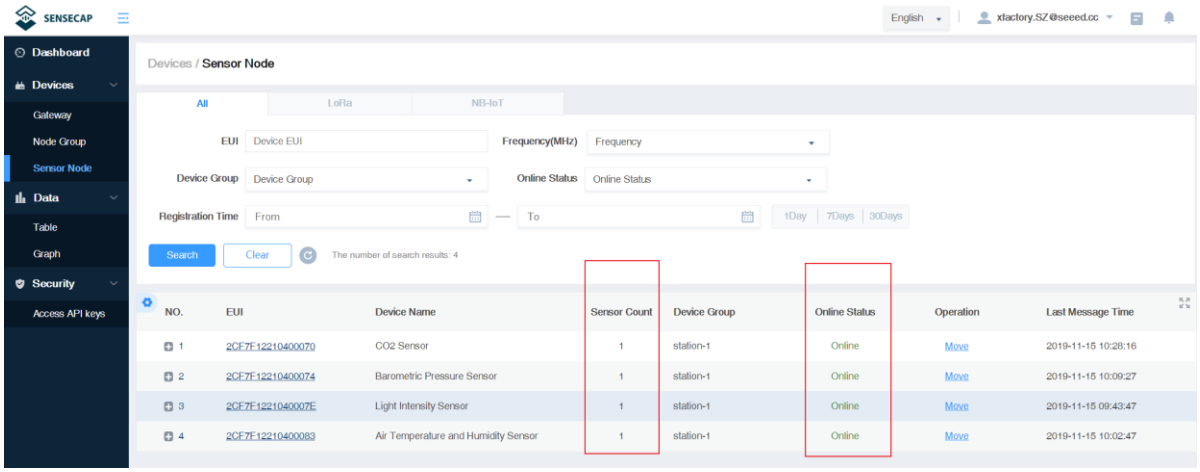
   Then, the sensor will reboot.

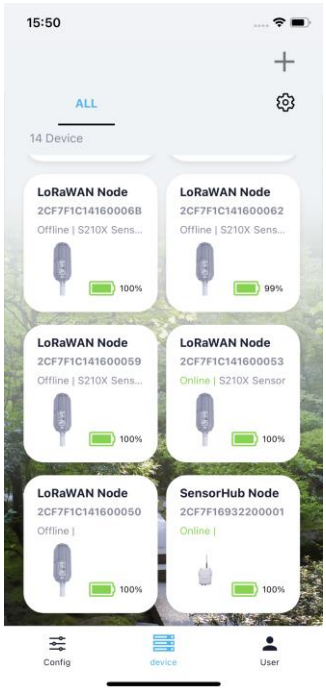
5) When the device is disconnected from Bluetooth, the LED lights up for **5 seconds** and then flashes as a **breathing light**.

6) After joining the network successfully, LED **flashes fast for 2s**.

7.2.6 Check Data on SenseCAP Portal

On the SenseCAP App or the website http://sensecap.seeed.cc/ , you can check the device online status and the latest data. In the list for each Sensor, you can check its online status and the time of its last data upload.

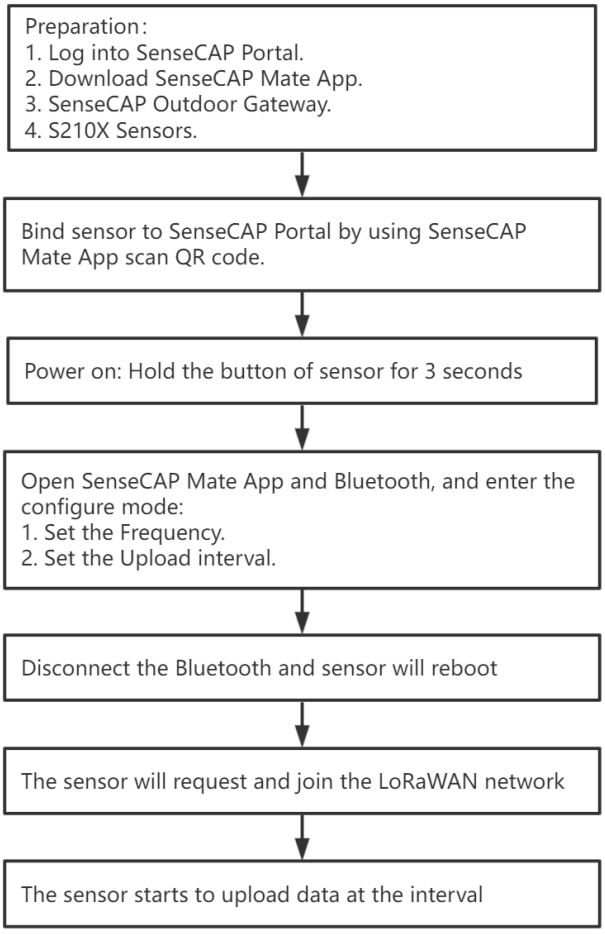

SENSECAP
English
xfactory.SZ@seeed.cc
Dashboard
Devices
Gateway
Node Group
Sensor Node
Data
Table
Graph
Security
Access API keys
Devices / Sensor Node
All
LoRa
NB-IoT
EUI
Device EUI
Frequency(MHz)
Frequency
Device Group
Device Group
Online Status
Online Status
Registration Time
From
To
1Day
7Days
30Days
Search
Clear
The number of search results: 4
NO.
EUI
Device Name
Sensor Count
Device Group
Online Status
Operation
Last Message Time
1 2CF7F12210400070 CO2 Sensor 1 station-1 Online Move 2019-11-15 10:28:16
2 2CF7F12210400074 Barometric Pressure Sensor 1 station-1 Online Move 2019-11-15 10:09:27
3 2CF7F1221040007E Light Intensity Sensor 1 station-1 Online Move 2019-11-15 09:43:47
4 2CF7F12210400083 Air Temperature and Humidity Sensor 1 station-1 Online Move 2019-11-15 10:02:47


15:50
ALL
14 Device
LoRaWAN Node
2CF7F1C14160006B
Offline | S210X Sens...
100%
LoRaWAN Node
2CF7F1C141600062
Offline | S210X Sens...
99%
LoRaWAN Node
2CF7F1C141600059
Offline | S210X Sens...
100%
LoRaWAN Node
2CF7F1C141600053
Online | S210X Sensor
100%
LoRaWAN Node
2CF7F1C141600050
Offline |
100%
SensorHub Node
2CF7F16932200001
Online |
100%
Config
device
User

7.3 Connect to SenseCAP with private TTN

7.3.1 Quick Start

Follow this process to quickly use the sensor, see the following section for details.



7.3.2 Preparation

1) SenseCAP Mate App

Download the App, please refer to section 5 for using.

2) SenseCAP Outdoor Gateway

Now, the sensor needs to be used with the SenseCAP Outdoor Gateway (https://www.seeedstudio.com/LoRaWAN-Gateway-EU868-p-4305.html) to transmit data to the SenseCAP Portal.

a) Setup the Gateway, connect to power cable and Internet.

b) Bind the gateway to SenseCAP Portal.

c) Ensure the gateway indicator is steady on.

d) Ensure the gateway is displayed online on the portal.

7.3.3 Bind Sensor to SenseCAP Portal

Please refer to the section 6.2.3

7.3.4 Setup the Sensor

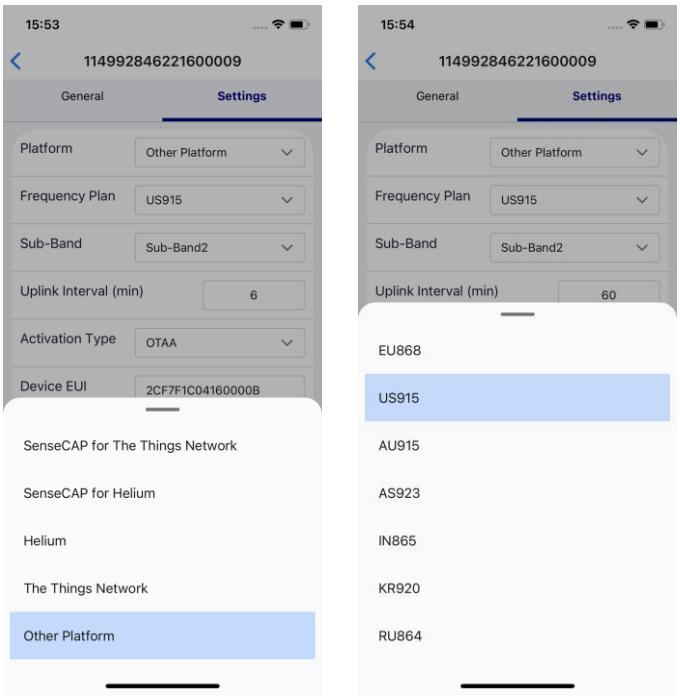
Please refer to the section 6.2.4

7.3.5 Set Frequency of Sensor via SenseCAP Mate App

Set the corresponding frequency band based on the frequency band of the gateway.

Please refer to section 5 for detail.

1) Click the “Setting” and select the platform is “**SenseCAP for The Things Network**”.



2) Select the Frequency Plan, if the gateway is US915, set the sensor to US915.

3) Click the “Send” button, send the setting to the sensor for it to take effect.

4) Click the “Home” button, the App will disconnect the Bluetooth connection.

   Then, the sensor will reboot.

5) When the device is disconnected from Bluetooth, the LED lights up for **5 seconds** and then flashes as a **breathing light**.

6) After joining the network successfully, LED **flashes fast for 2s**.

7.3.6 Check Data on SenseCAP Portal

Please refer to the section 6.2.6

8. Connect to Helium Network

Please refer to the manual to connect sensors to Helium public console:

https://files.seeedstudio.com/products/SenseCAP/S210X/How%20to%20Connect%20SenseCAP%20S210X%20to%20Helium%20Network.pdf

9. Connect to The Things Network

Please refer to this manual:

https://files.seeedstudio.com/products/SenseCAP/S210X/How%20to%20Connect%20SenseCAP%20S210X%20to%20The%20Things%20Network.pdf

Please refer to the link to use the TTN platform:

The Things Network website: https://www.thethingsnetwork.org

The Things Industries login: https://accounts.thethingsindustries.com/login

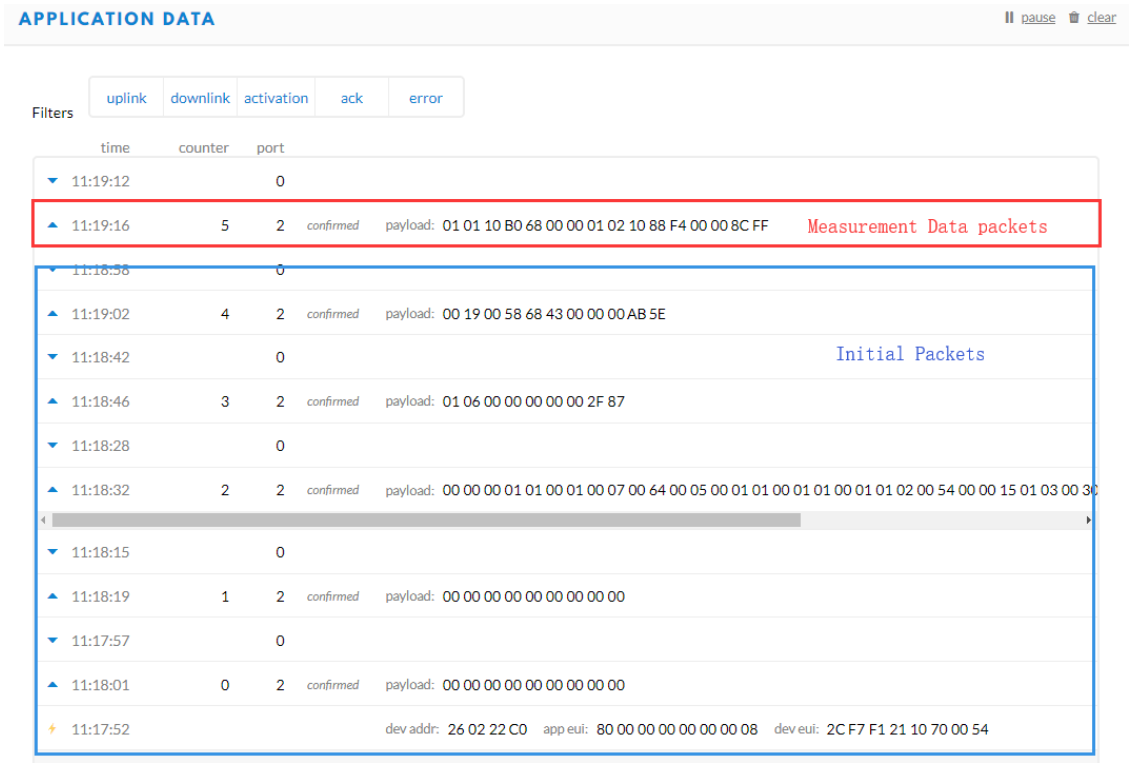
TTN Quick Start: https://www.thethingsnetwork.org/docs/quick-start/

10. Payload Decoder

10.1 Decoder Code

TTN payload decoding script for SenseCAP LoRaWAN:

https://github.com/Seeed-Solution/TTN-Payload-Decoder/blob/master/decoder_new-v3.js



10.2 Packet Parsing

10.2.1 Packet Initialization

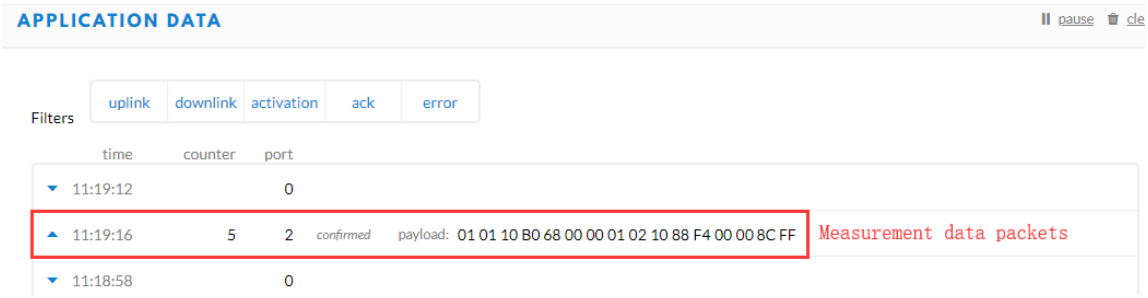
After being powered on or reboot, SenseCAP Sensors will be connected to the network using the OTAA activation method. Each Sensor Node will send data packets to the server, including the following data:

Initial packets (no need to learn about these initial packets)

One packet with device info including hardware version, software version, battery level, sensor hardware & software version, sensor EUI, power, and sensor power time counter at each channel.

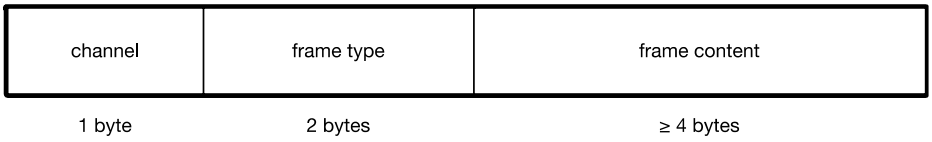
Measurement data packets

The only thing we should pay attention to is the sensor measurement data packets.



Packet Structure

The structure of the frame is shown in the image below.



1 byte for channel, default as 1, means the sensor has been well connected.

2 bytes for frame type, in this case, it will be 0110 and 0210, means temperature value and humidity value

4 bytes for content, is the sensor value with CRC

The frame content is sent in **little-endian byte order**.

10.3 Data Parsing Example

10.3.1 Measurements List

Measurements	Measurement ID(HEX/DEC)		Resolution	Unit
Air Temperature	0x1001	4097	0.01	℃
Air Humidity	0x1002	4098	0.01	%RH
Light Intensity	0x1003	4099	1	Lux
CO2	0x1004	4100	1	ppm
Soil Temperature	0x1006	4102	0.1	℃
Soil Moisture	0x1007	4103	0.1	%
Soil EC (Electrical Conductivity)	0x100C	4108	0.01	dS/m

For the complete list, see: https://sensecap-docs.seeed.cc/measurement_list.html

10.3.2 Example – S2101 Air Temperature and Humidity Sensor

Air Temperature and Humidity Sensor measurement packet:

01 0110 B0680000 01 0210 88F40000 8CFF

Part	Value	Raw Data	Description
1	Air Temperature	01 0110 B0680000	01 is the channel number. 0110 is 0x1001 (little-endian byte order), which is the measurement ID for air temperature. B0680000 is actually 0x000068B0, whose equivalent decimal value is 26800. Divide it by 1000, and you will get the actual measurement value for air temperature as 26.8℃.
2	Air Humidity	01 0210 88F40000	01 is the channel number. 0210 is 0x1002 (little-endian byte order), which is the measurement ID for air humidity. 88F40000 is actually 0x0000F488, whose equivalent decimal value is 62600. Divide it by 1000, and you will get the actual value for air humidity as 62.6%RH.
3	CRC	8CFF	The CRC verification part.

10.4 Battery Information

Please note the counter number. After 20 packets, it will follow one special packet with battery info.

You can either ignore this packet or get rid of the battery info in your code.

Original Info:

00070064000500010610B45F0000010710A41F00003259

Battery Package: 00070064000500

Example:

Battery & Soil Moisture and Temperature Sensor(S2104) measurement packet:

00070064000500010610B45F0000010710A41F00003259

Part	Value	Raw Data	Description
1	Battery	00 0700 6400 0500	00 is the channel number. 0700 is 0x0007（little-endian byte order）, which is the measurement ID for battery. 6400 is 0x0064（little-endian byte order）, whose equivalent decimal value is 100. Battery level is 100%. 0500 is 0x0005（little-endian byte order）, whose equivalent decimal value is 5. Upload interval is 5 minutes.
2	Soil Temperature	01 0610 B45F0000	01 is the channel number. 0610 is 0x1006（little-endian byte order）, which is the measurement ID for soil temperature. B45F0000is actually 0x00005FB4, whose equivalent decimal value is 24500. Divide it by 1000, and you will get the actual

			measurement value for soil temperature as 24.5℃.
3	Soil Moisture	01 0710 A41F0000	01 is the channel number. 0710 is 0x1007 (little-endian byte order), which is the measurement ID for soil moisture. A41F0000 is actually 0x00001FA4, whose equivalent decimal value is 8100. Divide it by 1000, and you will get the actual measurement value for soil moisture as 8.1% RH.
4	CRC	3259	The CRC verification part.

11. LoRaWAN Downlink Command

11.1 Set the Data Uplink Interval

(1) Using the Network Server's portal or API to send downlink command, then the Node will respond to the ack. The downlink command takes effect and responds the next time the node uploads data.
(2) Downlink as follow:

0x00	0x89	0x00	prepareId_L	prepareId_H	duty_L	duty_H	crc-L	crc-H

0x00	Fixed field
0x89	Fixed field
0x00	Fixed field
prepareId_L	Command ID low byte, you can customize the values, it allows each command ID to be the same
prepareId_H	Command ID high byte, you can customize the values, it allows each command ID to be the same
duty_L	Data interval low byte, you can set the data interval, unit: minute
duty_H	Data interval high byte, you can set the data interval, unit: minute
crc-L	CRC low byte, it's calculated by the CRC-16/CCITT
crc-H	CRC low byte, it's calculated by the CRC-16/CCITT

(3) When you send the downlink command, the Node responds to the ack command.

0x00	0x1F	0x00	prepareId_L	prepareId_H	result	0x00	crc-L	crc-H

0x00	Fixed field
0x1F	Fixed field
0x00	Fixed field
prepareId_L	Command ID low byte, it is the same as the downlink command
prepareId_H	Command ID high byte, it is the same as the downlink command
result	If the downlink command is in force, it responds 0x01, else it responds 0x00
0x00	Fixed field
crc-L	CRC low byte, it's calculated by the CRC-16/KERMIT
crc-H	CRC low byte, it's calculated by the CRC-16/ KERMIT

(3) Use the FPort = 2

CRC Tool: https://crccalc.com/ , select the algorithm of CRC-16/KERMIT.

Example: Set the Node's data interval is 10 minutes.

Send the downlink command (HEX) via FPort=2:

00 89 00 11 22 0A 00 38 B4

0x00	0x89	0x00	prepareId_L	prepareId_H	duty_L	duty_H	crc-L	crc-H
00	89	00	11	22	0A	00	38	B4

ACK Response:

00 1F 00 11 22 01 00 78 0F

0x00	0x1F	0x00	prepareId_L	prepareId_H	result	0x00	crc-L	crc-H
00	1F	00	11	22	01	00	78	0F

Command List:

Description	Command
Set Uplink interval = 1 minute	008900112201009050
Set Uplink interval = 5 minutes	00890011220500F037
Set Uplink interval = 10 minutes	00890011220A0038B4
Set Uplink interval = 15 minutes	00890011220F0080CA
Set Uplink interval = 20 minutes	0089001122150061V2
Set Uplink interval = 30 minutes	00890011221E00C946
Set Uplink interval = 60 minutes	00890011223C004A56

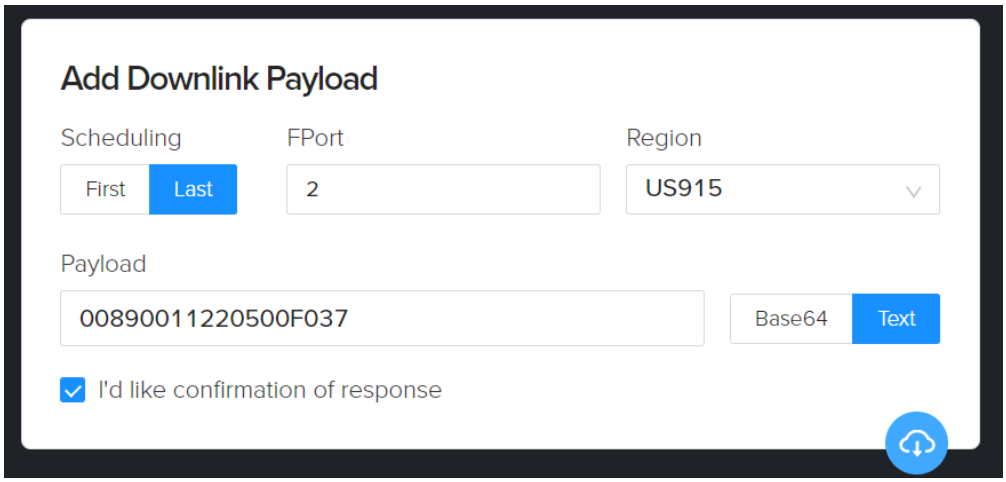
11.2 Reboot the device

FPort = 2

Command: 00C800000000002B26

11.3 How to send downlink

Example: use the Helium Console to send



12. Device Installation

12.1 Check the waterproof performance of the device

12.1.1 Data logger connection port

1) Check the connection position of the probe of the Datalogger to ensure that the screw cap is tightened.

2) The waterproof tape can be used to wrap the connection around many circles to strengthen the waterproof performance.

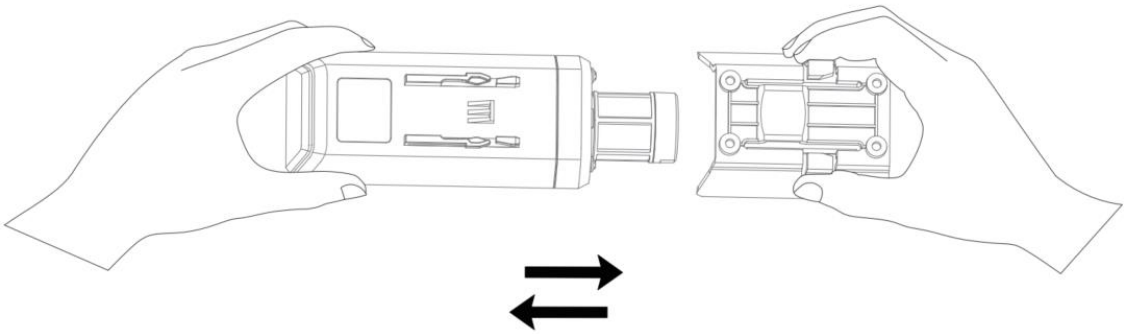
12.1.2 The connection port of the junction box

12.2 Installing Sensor

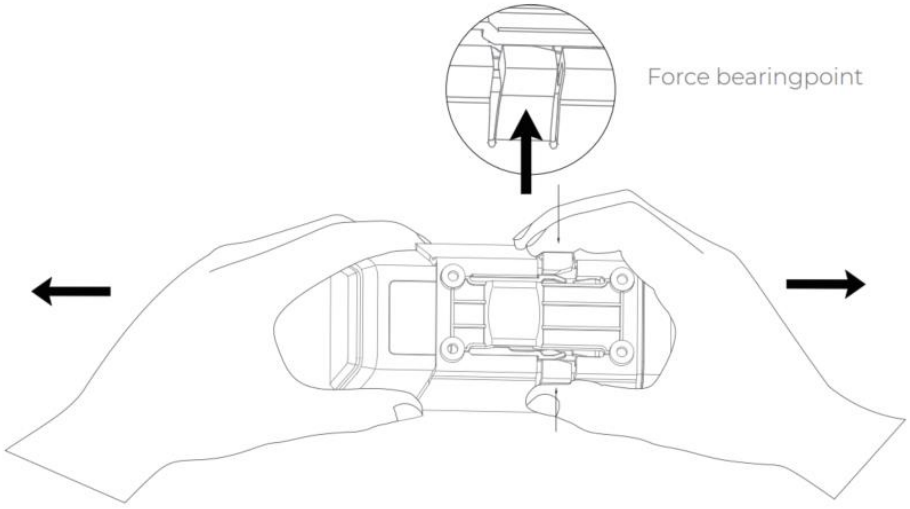
12.2.1 Installing the Sensor Bracket

Specially designed for installing SenseCAP Sensors, the bracket is a sliding cap. With designated screw-holes, the bracket helps fasten the Sensor Node firmly onto a pole or a wall.

1) With the sensor in one hand and a bracket in the other, find an unobstructed direction along the back of the sensor.

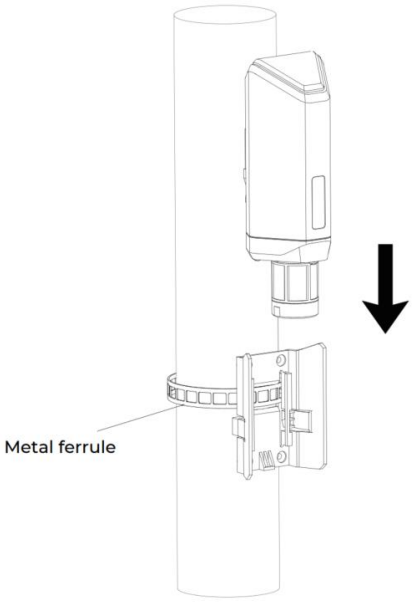


2) One hand holds the clasp while the other holds the device. Pull outward with opposite force. Press the upper part of the buckle with your finger.

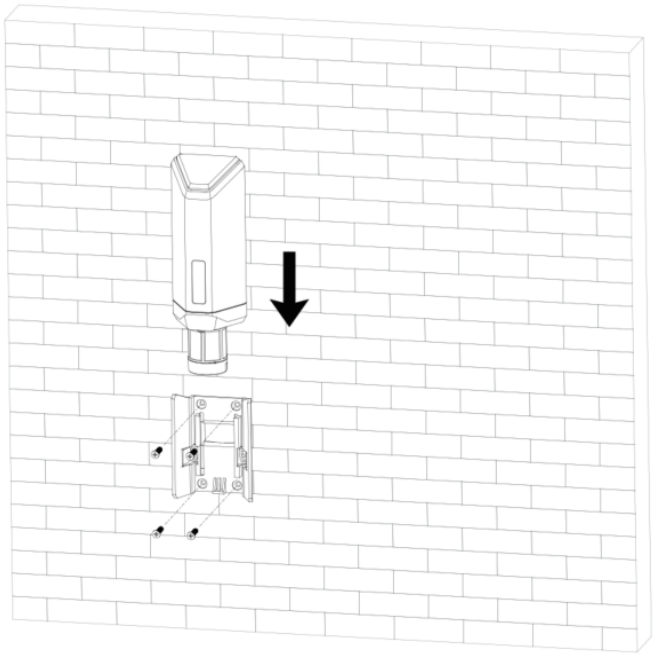


12.2.1 Mount on Pole and Wall

1) Mount on pole



2) Mount on wall



12.3 Replace the Battery

12.3.1 How to Buy the Battery

We suggest buying it from Amazon.

1) EEMB ER34615: Click here

2) Search the key word: LiSOCl2 ER34615 battery. Compare the batteries that meet the following parameters. The most important thing is to match the voltage.

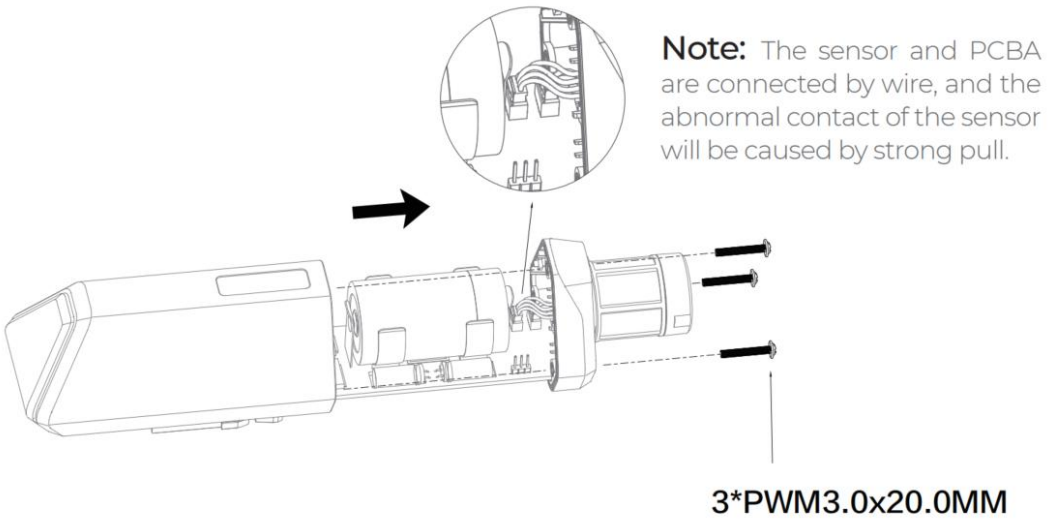
Battery Specification	
Nominal capacity	19000mAh
Model	Li-SOCl2, ER34615
Nominal voltage	3.6V
Max. continuous current	230mA
Max. pulse current capability	400mA
Dimension	⌀ 34.0*61.5mm (D size) 
Operating temperature range	-60℃ to 85℃

12.3.2 How to Replace a New Battery

1) Remove three screws.

⚠***Note:***

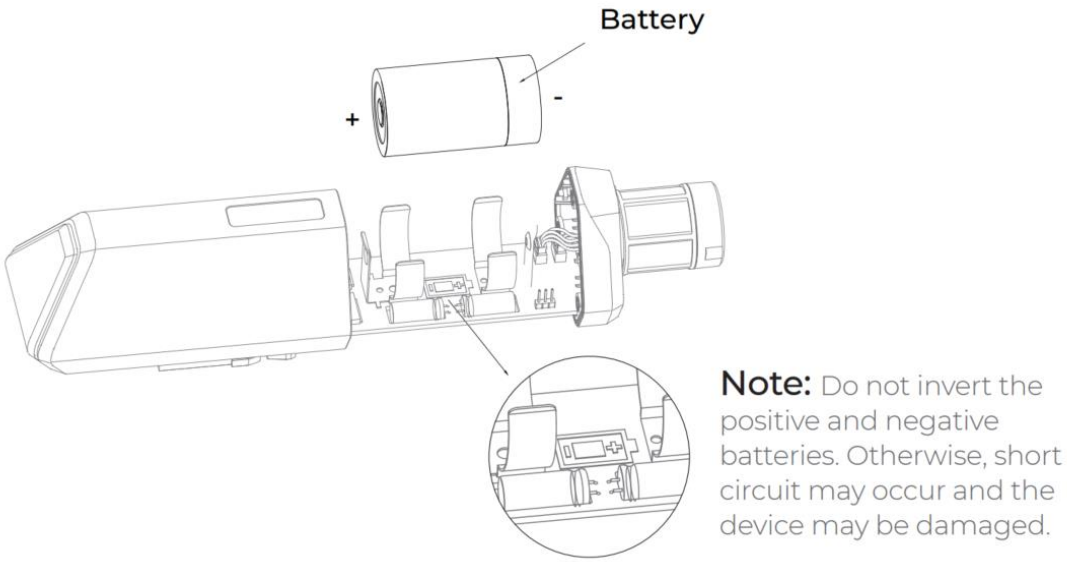
The sensor and PCBA are connected by wire, please disassemble carefully.



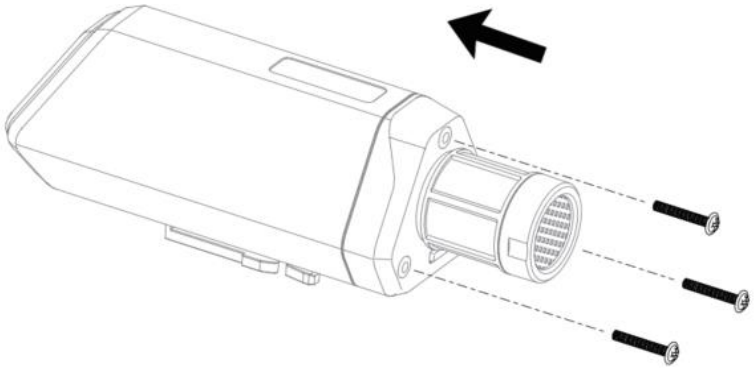
2) Install a new battery.

⚠***Note:***

Pay attention to the positive and negative terminals of the battery.



3) Install screws.



Note:

During the installation, ensure that the waterproof washer is properly installed and the screws are locked; otherwise, water will flow into the device.

13. Trouble Shooting

13.1 Sensors can't join LoRa network, how to do?

1) Check the gateway frequency configuration. Make sure the gateway and Sensor Node have the same uplink and downlink frequency.

2) Check the real-time log and RESET the sensor to see if there are any sensor data packets. If there are packets, check whether the gateway is sending downlink packets.

3) If the channels and other configurations are correct and the gateway logs do not have packets, please contact technical support.

13.2 Why is the new sensor's battery not 100%?

Battery power detection is not high precision. Its principle is to measure the supply voltage, when the power is turned on and repeatedly RESET, the voltage is unstable, so it is not 100%. When the sensor is stable, the power will be more accurate.

13.3 Support

Support is provided Monday to Friday, from 09:00 to 18:00 GMT+8. Due to different time zones, we cannot offer live support. However, your questions will be answered as soon as possible in the before-mentioned schedule.

Provide as much information as possible regarding your enquiry (product models, accurately describe your problem and steps to replicate it etc.) and send a mail to: sensecap@seeed.cc

13.4 Document Version

Version	Date	Description	Editor
V1.0.0	9/05/2022	First edition	Jenkin Lu