AtlasScientific Environmental Robotics

V 1.2

EZO-HUMTM **Embedded Humidity sensor**

Reads

Relative humidity Dew point Air temperature

Range Calibration

Response time

Accuracy

Connector

Cable length

Data protocol

Default I2C address

Data format

Operating voltage

IP rating

Life expectancy

Written by Jordan Press Designed by Noah Press

0 - 100%

Factory calibrated

1 reading per second (UART mode)

1 reading per 300 milliseconds (I2C mode)

+/- 2%

5 lead data cable

1 meter

UART & I²C

111 (0x6F)

ASCII

3.3V - 5V

IP67

10 years

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Attention

The EZO-HUM[™] is 100% operational out of the box. CALIBRATION IS UNNECESSARY

Direct sunlight will heat the sensor above the air temperature, making the readings incorrect.

Can the sensor get wet?



Physical properties



Pin out

GND			
VCC			
AUTO			
	- GND - VCC - AUTO	- GND - VCC - AUTO	- GND - VCC - AUTO



If unused leave AUTO floating. Do not connect AUTO to VCC or GND.

See page **18** to enable auto-monitoring in UART mode. See page **40** to enable auto-monitoring in I2C mode.

	LED	MAX	SLEEP	
5V	ON	2.6 mA	0.5 mA	
	OFF	2.4 mA		
3.3V	ON	2.2. mA	0 3 mA	
OFF		2.0 mA	0.0 mA	

Power consumption Absolute max ratings

Parameter	MIN	ТҮР	MAX
Storage temperature	-30 °C		75 °C
Operational temperature	-20 °C	25 °C	50 °C
VCC	3.3V	3.3V	5.5V

Calibration theory

The Atlas Scientific EZO-HUM[™] Embedded Humidity Sensor comes pre-calibrated.



The factory calibration data is permanently stored in the sensor and cannot be erased.

Custom calibration

This sensor does not require recalibration. This sensor does not offer onboard custom calibration.



Default state UART mode

Baud Readings Speed

LED

9,600 continuous 1 second

on









1²C

X Unavailable data protocols SPI Analog RS-485 Mod Bus 4–20mA

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UART mode

Settings that are retained if power is cut

Auto monitor Baud rate Continuous mode Device name Enable/disable parameters Enable/disable response codes Hardware switch to I2C mode LED control Protocol lock Software switch to I2C mode

Settings that are **NOT** retained if power is cut

Sleep mode





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57.38 <cr>

Advanced

ASCII:	5	7		3	8	<cr></cr>
Hex:	35	37	2E	33	38	0D
Dec:	53	55	46	51	56	13



Sending commands to device ^{2 parts}

Command (not case sensitive)

Carriage return <cr>

ASCII data string

Terminator



Advanced

ASCII:	S		е	е	р	<cr></cr>
Hex:	53	6C	65	65	70	0D
Dec:	83	108	101	101	112	13



Indicator LED definition





Green Cyan UART standby Taking reading



Purple Changing I²C address



Red Command not understood



White Find

5V	LED ON +0.2 mA
3.3V	+0.2 mA



UART mode command quick reference

All commands are ASCII strings or single ASCII characters.

Command	Function		Default state
Auto	enable/disable auto monitor	pg. 18	disabled
Baud	change baud rate	pg. 25	9,600
С	enable/disable continuous mode	pg. 16	enabled
Factory	enable factory reset	pg. 27	n/a
Find	finds device with blinking white LED	pg. 15	n/a
i	device information	pg. 21	n/a
I2C	change to I ² C mode	pg. 28	not set
L	enable/disable LED	pg. 14	enabled
Name	set/show name of device	pg. 20	not set
0	enable/disable parameters	pg. 19	HUM
Plock	enable/disable protocol lock	pg. 26	n/a
R	returns a single reading	pg. 17	n/a
Sleep	enter sleep mode/low power	pg. 24	n/a
Status	Retrieve status information	pg. 23	n/a
*OK	enable/disable response codes	pg. 22	n/a



LED control

Command syntax

L,1	<cr></cr>	LED on	default
_			

- L,0 <cr>> LED off
- L,? <cr>> LED state on/off?

Example	Response
L,1 <cr></cr>	*OK <cr></cr>
L,0 <cr></cr>	*OK <cr></cr>
L,? <cr></cr>	?L,1 <cr> or ?L,0 <cr> *OK <cr></cr></cr></cr>







Command syntax

This command will disable continuous mode Send any character or command to terminate find.

Find <cr> LED rapidly blinks white, used to help find device

ExampleResponseFind <cr>*OK <cr>



Continuous mode

Command syntax

- C,1 <cr> enable continuous readings once per second default
- C,n <cr> continuous readings every n seconds (n = 2 to 99 sec)
- C,0 <cr> disable continuous readings
- C,? <cr> continuous mode settings

Example	Response
C,1 <cr></cr>	*OK <cr> HUM (1 sec) <cr> HUM (2 sec) <cr> HUM (n sec) <cr></cr></cr></cr></cr>
C,30 <cr></cr>	*OK <cr> HUM (30 sec) <cr> HUM (60 sec) <cr> HUM (90 sec) <cr></cr></cr></cr></cr>
C,0 <cr></cr>	*OK <cr></cr>
C,? <cr></cr>	?C,1 <cr> or ?C,0 <cr> or ?C,30 <cr> *OK <cr></cr></cr></cr></cr>



Single reading mode

Command syntax

R <cr>> takes single reading

ExampleResponseR <cr>57.38 <cr>*OK <cr>



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Auto monitor

Command syntax

When enabled, the sensor will continuously monitor the readings and set the auto monitor pin high when your value has been reached. When Auto Monitor is enabled, it is not necessary to actively take readings (continuous mode can be disabled).

Auto,en, [0,1,2]	<cr></cr>	0 = disable, 1= Enable for humidity, 2= Enable for dew point
Auto,n	<cr></cr>	The value that will set the alarm pin
Auto,tol,n	<cr></cr>	The value that will reset the alarm pin
Auto,?	<cr></cr>	Auto monitor settings

Example	Response		
Auto,en,1 <cr></cr>	*OK <cr> Enable humidity automonitoring</cr>		
Auto,57.38 <cr></cr>	*OK <cr> Set alarm to go off at 57.38% humidity</cr>		
Auto,tol,1.2 <cr></cr>	*OK <cr></cr> The humidity must fall 1.2 percentage points below set point for alarm to reset.		
Auto,? <cr></cr>	?,auto,57.38,1.20,1 < <r></r>		



Enable/disable parameters from output string

Command syntax

O, [parameter],[1,0]	<cr></cr>	enable or disable output parameter
O,?	<cr></cr>	enabled parameter?

Example	Response
O,HUM,1 / O,HUM,0 <cr></cr>	*OK <cr> enable / disable humidity</cr>
O,T,1 / O,T,0 <cr></cr>	*OK <cr> enable / disable temperature</cr>
O,Dew,1 / O,Dew,0 <cr></cr>	*OK <cr> enable / disable dew point</cr>
O,? <cr></cr>	?,O,HUM,T,Dew <cr> if all enabled</cr>
Parameters Hum Humidity	* If you disable all possible data types your readings will display "no output".
T Air temperature in °C Dew Dew point	
Followed by 1 or 01enabled0disabled	



Naming device

Command syntax

Do not use spaces in the name

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Name,n <cr>set namen =$1 \ 2 \ 3 \ 4 \ 5 \ 6 \ 7 \ 8 \ 9 \ 10 \ 11 \ 12 \ 13 \ 14 \ 15 \ 16$Name,<cr>clears nameUp to 16 ASCII charactersName,?<cr>show name</cr></cr></cr>				
Example	Response			
Name, <cr></cr>	*OK <cr> name has been cleared</cr>			
Name,zzt <cr></cr>	*OK <cr></cr>			
Name,? <cr></cr>	?Name,zzt <cr> *OK <cr></cr></cr>			
Name,z	$zt < cr> Name,? < cr> \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow$			
*OK <cr> *OK <cr> *OK <cr> *OK <cr> *OK <cr> *OK <cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr>				

Device information

Command syntax

i

<cr> device information</cr>				
Example	Response			
<cr></cr>	?i,HUM,1.0 <cr> *OK <cr></cr></cr>			

Response breakdown





Response codes

Command syntax

*OK,1 <cr> enal *OK,0 <cr> disa *OK,? <cr> resp</cr></cr></cr>	ble response default ble response oonse on/off?
Example	Response
R <cr></cr>	57.38 <cr> *OK <cr></cr></cr>
*OK,0 <cr></cr>	no response, *OK disabled
R <cr></cr>	57.38 <cr> *OK disabled</cr>
*OK,? <cr></cr>	?*OK,1 <cr> or ?*OK,0 <cr></cr></cr>

Other response codes

- *ER unknown command
- ***OV** over volt (VCC>=5.5V)
- *UV under volt (VCC<=3.1V)
- *RS reset
- *RE boot up complete, ready
- *SL entering sleep mode
- *WA wake up

These response codes cannot be disabled



Reading device status

Command syntax

Status <cr> voltage at Vcc pin and reason for last restart

Example	Response	
Status <cr></cr>	?Status,P,5.038 <cr> *OK <cr></cr></cr>	
Response b	reakdown	

Response breakdown

?Status,	Ρ,	5.038
	1	1
Reas	on for restart	Voltage at Vcc

Restart codes

- P powered off
- **S** software reset
- B brown out
- W watchdog
- U unknown



Sleep mode/low power

Command syntax

Send any character or command to awaken device.

Sleep <cr> enter sleep mode/low power</cr>				
Exam	ple	Respons	e	
Sleep <cr></cr>		*OK <cr> *SL <cr></cr></cr>		
Any cor	mmand	*WA <cr></cr>	wakes up device	
5V	MAX 2.6 mA	SLEEP 0.5 mA		
3.3V	2.2 mA	0.4 mA		





Change baud rate

Command syntax

Baud,n <cr> change baud rate

Example	Response	
Baud,38400 <cr></cr>	*OK <cr></cr>	
Baud,? <cr></cr>	?Baud,38400 <cr> *OK <cr></cr></cr>	
n = - 300 1200 2400 9600 def 19200 38400 57600 115200	ault	
Baud,	38400 <cr></cr>	(reboot)
Standby	Changing baud rate *OK <cr></cr>	Standby

Protocol lock

Command syntax

Locks device to UART mode.

Plock,1 <cr> Plock,0 <cr> Plock,? <cr></cr></cr></cr>	enable Plock disable Plock <mark>default</mark> Plock on/off?	
Example	Response	
Plock,1 <cr></cr>	*OK <cr></cr>	
Plock,0 <cr></cr>	*OK <cr></cr>	
Plock,? <cr></cr>	?Plock,1 <cr> or ?Plock,0 <cr< td=""><td>.></td></cr<></cr>	.>
Plock,1	I2C,100	
*OK <cr></cr>	cannot change to I ² C	cannot change to I ² C

*ER <cr>



Factory reset

Command syntax





Change to I²C mode



Default I²C address 111 (0x6F)





Manual switching to I²C

- Disconnect ground (power off)
- Disconnect TX and RX
- Connect TX to INT
- Confirm RX is disconnected
- Connect ground (power on)
- Wait for LED to change from Green to Blue
- Disconnect ground (power off)
- Reconnect all data and power

Manually switching to I²C will set the I²C address to 111 (0x6F)

Example





12C mode

The I²C protocol is considerably more complex than the UART (RS-232) protocol. Atlas Scientific assumes the embedded systems engineer understands this protocol.

To set your EZO[™] device into I²C mode click here

Settings that are retained if power is cut

Calibration Change I²C address Hardware switch to UART mode LED control Protocol lock Software switch to UART mode

Settings that are **NOT** retained if power is cut

Sleep mode



Data format

ReadingHumidity
Air Temperature
Dew pointUnits% Relative humidity
Air Temperature °C (when enabled)
Dew point Temperature °C (when enabled)

Encoding

ASCII (CSV string if temp/ dew point enabled) Data typefloating pointDecimal places2Smallest string4 charactersLargest string22 characters



Sending commands to device







Requesting data from device



Advanced



Response codes & processing delay

After a command has been issued, a 1 byte response code can be read in order to confirm that the command was processed successfully.

Reading back the response code is completely optional, and is not required for normal operation.



Example

I2C_start; I2C_address; I2C_write(EZO_command); I2C_stop;

delay(300);



I2C_start; I2C_address; Char[] = I2C_read; I2C_stop; If there is no processing delay or the processing delay is too short, the response code will always be 254.

Response codes Single byte, not string

- 255 no data to send
- 254 still processing, not ready
- 2 syntax error
- 1 successful request



Indicator LED control







Blue Green I²C standby Taking reading

Purple Changing I²C address P

Red Command not understood (\mathbf{p})

White Find

5V	+0.2 mA	
3.3V	+0.2 mA	



I²C mode command quick reference

All commands are ASCII strings or single ASCII characters.

Command	Function	
Auto	enable/disable auto monitor	pg. 40
Baud	switch back to UART mode	pg. 49
Factory	enable factory reset	pg. 48
Find	finds device with blinking white LED	pg. 38
i	device information	pg. 43
I2C	change I ² C address	pg. 47
L	enable/disable LED	pg. 37
Name	set/show name of device	pg. 42
0	enable/disable parameters	pg. 41
Plock	enable/disable protocol lock	pg. 46
R	returns a single reading	pg. 39
Sleep	enter sleep mode/low power	pg. 45
Status	retrieve status information	pg. 44



LED control

Command syntax

L,1 LED on default

- L,0 LED off
- L,? LED state on/off?

300ms 🕐 processing delay







L,0



Find

Command syntax



Find LED rapidly blinks white, used to help find device





Taking reading

Command syntax

300ms 🕐 processing delay

R return 1 reading







Auto monitor

Command syntax

300ms 🕐 processing delay

When enabled, the sensor will continuously monitor the readings and set the auto monitor pin high when your value has been reached. When Auto Monitor is enabled, it is not necessary to actively take readings (continuous mode can be disabled).

Evample	Pesnonse
Auto,?	Auto monitor settings
Auto,tol,n	The value that will reset the alarm pin
Auto,n	The value that will set the alarm pin
Auto,en, [0,1,2]	0 = disable, 1= Enable for humidity, 2= Enable for dew point





Enable/disable parameters from output string

Command syntax

O, [parameter],[1,0] O,?	enable or disable output parameter enabled parameter?		
Example	Response		
O,HUM,1 / O,HUM,0	Wait 300ms Image: Dec line Image: Open content of the second sec		
O,T,1 / O,T,0	Wait 300ms Image: Dec Null Image: Dec Null enable / disable temperature		
O,Dew,1 / O,Dew,0	Wait 300ms I O enable / disable dew point		
O,?	Image: Normal systemImage: Normal systemImage: Normal systemImage: Normal systemImage: Normal systemWait 300msDecASCIINullImage: Normal systemImage: Normal system		
Paramotors			
	i vou disaple all possiple data types		

Hum	Humidity
Т	Air temperature in °C
Dew	Dew point

Followed by 1 or 0

- enabled 1
- disabled 0

your readings will display "no output".



Naming device

Command syntax

300ms 💮 processing delay

Do not use spaces in the name

Name,n set na Name, clears Name,? show	ame n = 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 s name Up to 16 ASCII characters name			
Example	Response			
Name,	Wait 300ms 1 O Null name has been cleared			
Name,zzt	Wait 300ms 1 0			
Name,?	Image: Name,zztImage: Open set of the set			
Name,zzt Name,?				
1	0 1 ?Name,zzt 0			

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Device information

Command syntax

300ms 💮 processing delay

i device information



Response breakdown

?i, HUM, 1.0 ↑ ↑ Device Firmware



Reading device status

Command syntax

300ms 💮 processing delay

Status voltage at Vcc pin and reason for last restart





Sleep mode/low power

Command syntax

Sleep	enter sle	ep mode/lo	ow power	Send any character or command to awaken device.	
Exam	ple	Respons	6		
Sleep		no respon	se	Do not read status byte after issuing sleep command.	
Any cor	mmand	wakes up	device		
5V	MAX 2.6 mA	SLEEP 0.5 mA			
3.3V	2.2 mA	0.4 mA			
			Sleep		
	Standb	У		Sleep	
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Protocol lock



I²C address change

Command syntax

I2C,n sets I²C address and reboots into I²C mode

Factory reset

Command syntax				
Command Syntax		Factory reset will not take the device out of I ² C mode.		
Factory enable factory res		set	I ² C address will not change	
Example	Response)		
Factory	device rebo (no response giv	ot en)		
Clears custom calibratio LED on Response codes enabled	n d			

Factory

Change to UART mode

Command syntax

Manual switching to UART

- Disconnect ground (power off)
- Disconnect TX and RX
- Connect TX to INT
- Confirm RX is disconnected
- Connect ground (power on)
- Wait for LED to change from Blue to Green
- Disconnect ground (power off)
- Reconnect all data and power

Example

Datasheet change log

Datasheet V 1.2

Revised naming device info on pages 20 & 42.

Datasheet V 1.1

Revised the information on pg 3.

Datasheet V 1.0

New datasheet

Firmware updates

V1.0 – Initial release (August 14, 2020)

Warranty

Atlas Scientific[™] Warranties the EZO-HUM[™] Embedded Humidity Sensor to be free of defect during the debugging phase of device implementation, or 30 days after receiving the EZO-HUM[™] Embedded Humidity Sensor (which ever comes first).

The debugging phase

The debugging phase as defined by Atlas Scientific[™] is the time period when the EZO-HUM[™] Embedded Humidity Sensor is connected into a bread board, or shield. If the EZO-HUM[™] Embedded Humidity Sensor is being debugged in a bread board, the bread board must be devoid of other components. If the EZO-HUM[™] Embedded Humidity Sensor is being connected to a microcontroller, the microcontroller must be running code that has been designed to drive the EZO-HUM[™] Embedded Humidity Sensor data as a serial string.

It is important for the embedded systems engineer to keep in mind that the following activities will void the EZO-HUM[™] Embedded Humidity Sensor warranty:

- Soldering any part to the EZO-HUM[™] Embedded Humidity Sensor.
- Running any code, that does not exclusively drive the EZO-HUM[™] Embedded Color Sensor and output its data in a serial string.
- Embedding the EZO-HUM[™] Embedded Humidity Sensor into a custom made device.
- Removing any potting compound.

Reasoning behind this warranty

Because Atlas Scientific[™] does not sell consumer electronics; once the device has been embedded into a custom made system, Atlas Scientific[™] cannot possibly warranty the EZO-HUM[™] Embedded Humidity Sensor, against the thousands of possible variables that may cause the EZO-HUM[™] Embedded Humidity Sensor to no longer function properly.

Please keep this in mind:

- 1. All Atlas Scientific[™] devices have been designed to be embedded into a custom made system by you, the embedded systems engineer.
- 2. All Atlas Scientific[™] devices have been designed to run indefinitely without failure in the field.
- 3. All Atlas Scientific[™] devices can be soldered into place, however you do so at your own risk.

Atlas Scientific[™] is simply stating that once the device is being used in your application, Atlas Scientific[™] can no longer take responsibility for the EZO-HUM[™] Embedded Humidity Sensor continued operation. This is because that would be equivalent to Atlas Scientific[™] taking responsibility over the correct operation of your entire device.

